

هكذا على النهر

## Yemens offer to accept PLO fighters

ADEN (R) — North and South Yemen have offered to take some of the Palestinian commandos in besieged west Beirut, a government statement said Tuesday night. It said President Ali Abdullah Saleh of North Yemen and South Yemeni leader Ali Nasser Mohammad made the offer in a telegram to Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat. Jordan, Egypt and Sudan have also offered to accept some of the estimated 6,000 to 9,000 commandos surrounded by Israeli forces in Beirut. Syria and Iraq have also been mentioned as likely destinations. The statement, issued in Aden and the North Yemeni capital of Sanaa, gave no details of numbers.

# Jordan Times

An independent political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation

جوردان تايمز مؤسسة الصحافة الأردنية "الراي"

## Israeli raze down 3 Arab homes

TEL AVIV (R) — Israeli troops Monday night destroyed the homes of three Palestinian youths accused of trying to attack an Israeli bus with a bottle bomb earlier this week, Arab sources said. The army razed three homes in the refugee camp of Ayda, near Bethlehem. Two youths were accused of planning the attack and a Palestinian woman was arrested after she was seen hurling the bomb, which missed its target, the sources said.

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## Pope assigns Mother Theresa to Lebanon

CASTEL GANDOLFO, Italy (R) — Pope John Paul Tuesday sent a Nobel Peace Prize-winning nun to Beirut to demonstrate his solidarity with the victims of the bombardment there. Mother Theresa of Calcutta, a Yugoslav-born Indian nun renowned for her welfare work in India, attended early morning mass in the Pope's private chapel and then headed for Naples to begin her journey to Beirut. Last June the Pope was dissuaded by Vatican officials from visiting Beirut himself because of the security risk. Tuesday he asked Mother Theresa to go there as his personal envoy. Mother Theresa was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 1979.

## Indonesia refuses visa for Israelis

JAKARTA (R) — Indonesia will not issue visas to let Israeli delegates attend the Third World National Parks Conference in Bali in October, Director General for Tourism Joop Ave said Tuesday. He said Indonesia did not recognise Israel as a state and therefore could not provide visas for its delegates. A spokesman for the local organising committee said Israeli delegates had applied for visas for the conference, sponsored by the International Union for the Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources. He said about 400 delegates from all over the world were expected to attend.

## Perez de Cuellar condemns Paris, Ankara attacks

UNITED NATIONS (R) — Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar Tuesday condemned what he termed the "senseless attacks" carried out in recent days by terrorists in Paris and Ankara. In a statement issued here, he reiterated his "condemnation of these and other contemptible actions which have resulted in suffering and loss of life of innocent people."

Paris hunts for gunmen, page 8  
Ankara curbs media reports.

## Greenpeace blocks nuclear dumping

PARIS (R) — Six protesters boarded a British ship in the Atlantic Ocean and manacled themselves to it to prevent the dumping of nuclear waste Tuesday, the Greenpeace environmental organisation announced. Greenpeace said the six, from Australia, the Netherlands, Denmark, West Germany, Canada and the United States, left the Greenpeace vessel Sirius and handcuffed themselves to the unloading platforms of the Gem, preventing it from dropping drums of waste into the sea. The two ships were about 400 miles off north-western Spain, the organisation said. It was the fourth time Greenpeace had opposed unloading by the Gem.

## Dutch election campaign gets off

AMSTERDAM (R) — The campaign for the Dutch general elections on Sept. 8 got under way Tuesday with the publication of a last opinion poll forecasting a centre-right coalition government. The poll by the Nipo organisation said the centrist Christian Democrats (CDA) were likely to remain the strongest party, taking 46 seats in the 150-seat parliament.

## 1,000-year sentence cut down to 885

BANGKOK (R) — Mrs. Penchapon Tinsap had 116 years cut off her prison sentence Tuesday. Now she has only 885 years to go. Thailand's supreme court reduced the 1,001-year sentence originally imposed by a criminal court on Mrs. Penchapon, 49. She had been found guilty of embezzling 36,000 baht (\$1,600) when she worked in the alien registration section of a police station in central Petchaburi province.



His Majesty King Hussein confers with Djibouti President Hassan Gouled, who made a brief stopover at Amman Airport Tuesday on his way to Baghdad (Petra photo)

## King, Gouled hold talks

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein and Djibouti President Hassan Gouled, who stopped in Amman for one hour on his way to Baghdad, met at the Royal Suite at Amman Airport Tuesday. They exchanged views on the conditions in the Arab area, and bilateral relations.

The prime minister, the chief of the Royal Court, the chief chamberlain, the court minister, the commander-in-chief of the

Armed Forces and the foreign minister participated in the meeting.

The Djibouti president left Amman for Baghdad and was seen off by King Hussein and high-ranking officials.

President Gouled was accompanied by Fahmy Ahmad Al Hag, minister for industry and industrial cooperation and his chief of cabinet, Ismael Omar Guelleh.

## Baghdad not to insist on hosting non-aligned meet

COLOMBO (R) — Iraq will not insist on next month's non-aligned summit taking place in Baghdad, but wants the foreign ministers to meet there as scheduled beforehand, a special envoy of Iraqi President Saddam Hussein was quoted as saying Tuesday.

Foreign Under-Secretary Abdul Malik Al Yasin met Sri Lankan President Junius Jayewardene Tuesday to explain Iraq's position.

"The special envoy said that although all arrangements for the summit to take place in Baghdad were well in hand, the Iraqi government would not insist on the summit taking place in Baghdad if agreement is reached on alternative arrangements in the interests of the unity of the movement," a Sri Lankan Foreign Ministry spokesman said.

But the Iraqi government proposed that the foreign ministers should meet in Baghdad on Sept. 2 and 3 to decide on the venue and dates of the summit, the spokesman added. He said Mr. Jayewardene supported Iraq's proposal.

Iraq is leading a movement to move the summit venue from Iraq because of the war between the

two countries. Both countries have been waging a diplomatic campaign in non-aligned capitals to press their respective cases.

## Iran 'will be happy'

In New Delhi the speaker of Iran's Majlis (parliament), Hojatoleslam Hashemi Rafsanjani, said his country would be happy if non-aligned summit was moved from Baghdad to New Delhi.

"India deserves to be the venue," he told reporters on arrival at Delhi airport. "The political position of India is such that no one will disagree."

India has held consultations in the past two days with Iraq and Cuba but External Affairs Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao has told reporters the question of New Delhi hosting the summit was hypothetical at this stage.

Mr. Rafsanjani, the most senior Iranian leader to visit India since the Islamic revolution in Iran, said the controversy over the summit would be a major issue in his talks if the Indians were willing to discuss it.

## Turkey pursues Gulf mediation

ANKARA (R) — Turkish Prime Minister Bulend Ulusu's trip to Tehran last week to mediate in the Gulf war did not achieve any significant breakthrough but Turkey is continuing contacts with Iran and Iraq, diplomatic sources said here Tuesday.

Mr. Ulusu returned from Iran on Saturday after a brief and hastily arranged visit which followed a series of contacts between Ankara and its two warring neighbors.

The visit marked a new move by Turkey, which previously continued its Gulf war peace efforts to supporting mediation by the Organisation of Islamic Conference, to try to find a peace formula in the 22-month-old war.

Officials said there was no immediate plan for the prime minister to go to Baghdad as had been expected.

## Italian industrialists call for early elections

ROME (R) — Italian industrial leaders Tuesday demanded an early general election in an attempt to end political uncertainty and restore control over the country's inflation-prone economy.

As President Sandro Pertini ended the first phase of his talks with politicians after the government resignation last Saturday, political sources said the main issue was whether the election would be held next autumn or next spring.

The Christian Democrats, Italy's biggest party, said they would back Republican Prime Minister Giovanni Spadolini if he tried to put together the five-party centre-left coalition that broke apart last week.

Political sources said the president was likely to give Mr. Spadolini a chance to do this when he announced the result of talks at his official residence.

But two of the country's leading industrialists said the only way to ease political tension was to call an early general election and then concentrate on Italy's severe economic problems.

Fiat Chairman Gianni Agnelli told reporters that the election question had become an "electric storm that will oppress public life until it is discharged."

He said he favoured an election next spring in order to give parties enough time to prepare. An immediate election campaign would delay urgent government decisions on the economy.

Mr. Spadolini resigned last week after the Socialist Party withdrew its seven government ministers.

# Israel, announcing acceptance of PLO withdrawal plan, renews attack on Beirut

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Israel unleashed a new air, land and sea bombardment of Palestinian positions in besieged west Beirut Tuesday, shortly after the Israeli cabinet said it had accepted in principle the latest commando pullout plan.

Waves of Israeli fighter-bombers hit Palestinian strongholds in the desolate southern suburbs of the city during 90 minutes of raids beginning at two p.m. (11:00 GMT) eyewitnesses and local radio stations reported.

Heavy artillery in the hills overlooking Beirut and gunboats lying offshore bombarded coastal districts and the area around the Israeli-held international airport to the south of the capital.

The crump of exploding artillery shells echoed through the city centre but died down by late afternoon.

The Palestine news agency Wafa said 12 were killed and 37 wounded in the barrage up to six p.m. (16:00 GMT).

There was no immediate official reaction from Lebanese leaders to the Israeli cabinet decision, which had been awaited as the final hurdle in efforts to secure a withdrawal of the 6,000 to 9,000

Palestinian commandos.

A Palestinian spokesman said some of Tuesday's targets were front-line positions which the Israelis would need to soften up before any new push into west Beirut.

"It appears the Israelis are committed to a military solution," the spokesman said.

Israeli warplanes last raided west Beirut Monday.

The right-wing Voice of Lebanon radio said the planes made 11 bombing runs on the Palestinian refugee camps of Bourj Al Brajneh and Shatila, as well as Palestinian positions north of the airport.

Israeli troops began shelling Bourj Al Brajneh at the same time, the radio said.

Palestinian gunners aimed salvos of anti-aircraft fire at the diving planes, which let off thermal balloons in a flash of light to confuse ground-to-air missiles.

Beirut Radio said Israeli artillery and gunboats lying offshore pounded coastal areas of west Beirut after the air raids.

West Beirut is still without electricity and food supplies, though water has been switched on. But the pressure is so low that most citizens have to fill cans at smashed underground pipes or street-level taps.

The International Red Cross brought a six-truck convoy into the west Tuesday loaded with supplies for a new field hospital and emergency rations for needy families. A Red Cross spokesman said it took officials a day and a half to get Israeli approval for the convoy.

## Habib discussions

U.S. Middle East envoy Philip Habib met Lebanese leaders earlier Tuesday in the village of Baabda east of Beirut.

Attending the meeting were President Elias Sarkis, Prime Minister Shafiq Al Wazzan and Foreign Minister Fuad Boutros.

The American diplomat as usual made no statement after the talks. But former Prime Minister Takiyeddine Solh, who left before Mr. Habib arrived, said the PLO pullout could begin by the end of

this week or the beginning of next week.

According to reports here, Mr. Habib's plan calls for the commandos to leave in stages over 15 days, starting on a day to be announced after all parties have agreed to the plan.

Sources close to the talks say Palestinian leaders have virtually accepted the plan, which has been negotiated by Mr. Habib and Palestinians through Lebanese intermediaries.

## Israeli acceptance

Announcing the Israeli cabinet's acceptance of the American evacuation plan, officials said they hoped the end of the war in Lebanon was in sight, but Israel had a pre-condition and wanted a number of amendments to the plan.

The cabinet met for nearly four hours to discuss the eight-page plan submitted by Mr. Habib.

Israeli cabinet Secretary Dan Meridor said the amendments his government wanted were "substantive and textual."

As a precondition Israel was demanding a list of the Arab countries willing to receive the 6,000 to 9,000 commandos entrenched in Beirut.

Of the American proposal that the first troops of an international force should be deployed before the commandos start to leave, Mr. Meridor said Israel insisted most of the PLO men must leave Beirut by the time the international force arrived.

He also reaffirmed Israel's objections to the stationing of U.N. observers in Beirut, and made clear that the remaining members of the Syrian 85th Brigade, also under siege in Beirut, must leave with the PLO.

Prime Minister Menachem Begin conferred with U.S. Ambassador Samuel Lewis for a second time after the cabinet session to explain the Israeli position, a government official told reporters. No further details were given.

The two met immediately before the cabinet gathered. Mr. Lewis told reporters once the plan was accepted by all sides, PLO fighters would start leaving their Beirut strongholds within days.

A senior official said one amendment sought by Israel concerned the timing of the deployment of an international force, expected to comprise French paratroops, U.S. and Italian units.

Israeli officials said the force would have to leave Beirut 30 days after it arrived.

## U.S. welcomes Israeli acceptance of Palestinian withdrawal proposal

WASHINGTON (R) — The White House Tuesday welcomed Israel's approval in principle of a U.S.-promoted peace plan for Lebanon and said it was cautiously optimistic that outstanding problems could be solved.

A White House statement said the United States was encouraged by the momentum in negotiations to settle the Lebanon conflict.

It was issued by Deputy Press Secretary Larry Speakes shortly after President Reagan conferred with Israeli opposition Labour Party leader Shimon Peres. The State Department issued a similar statement.

Mr. Speakes said U.S. special envoy Philip Habib, who is in the eighth week of his talks on the Lebanese conflict, left Beirut for Israel Tuesday to discuss the Israeli decision.

The White House statement said: "We welcome the Israeli assessment as an essential element in getting the problem solved in Beirut."

"We are encouraged by the momentum and the peace process continues to build..."

"We remain cautiously optimistic that outstanding issues can be

worked out... it is our belief that negotiations can best move forward when the ceasefire is carefully observed by all parties."

State Department officials meanwhile said they were not sure Israel's approval of the evacuation plan would mean it will relax military pressure around Beirut.

"We regard the military pressure as jeopardising the negotiations," one official said. "But Israel regards it as essential."

## Peres: New chance for U.S.

Mr. Peres said the United States now has a unique opportunity to bring about a comprehensive Middle East peace, while the Soviet Union has lost credibility in the region.

"We feel the time has come to solve the Palestinian problem, diplomatically, peacefully, by negotiations, based on a compromise," Mr. Peres said.

Once the PLO withdraws from Lebanon, he said, "we have to use this new situation to create a new dimension and prospects" for a peaceful Middle East.

After a PLO evacuation, all

armies should leave Lebanon to run its own affairs, and Israel and Egypt should renew negotiations aimed at providing "autonomy" for Palestinians living in other Israeli-occupied territories, he said.

He said Jordan should be brought into the talks, along with Palestinian representatives from the occupied West Bank and Gaza.

In similar comments, another Israeli opposition leader, former Ambassador to the United States Simcha Dinitz, said on the CBS Morning News that "we are on the verge of a new diplomatic initiative" in the Middle East.

Mr. Dinitz said the initiative could bring together Israel, West Bank Palestinians and the Jordanians "so that the Palestinian problem can be tackled without the hindrance of the Syrians, the PLO, the Libyans and others."

Meanwhile, a senior U.S. official who asked not to be named said the State Department mood was cautiously optimistic.

Asked what would happen next in the peace effort by U.S. Mr. Habib, he replied: "Habib keeps talking."

## Lebanon requests Arab summit be postponed

TEL AVIV (R) — Lebanon has asked the Arab League to postpone indefinitely an Arab summit scheduled to be held in Fez, Morocco, League sources said Tuesday.

Sudan's announcement Tuesday that it would attend the summit brought to 14 the number of Arab League members, including the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), in favour of convening it urgently. It is to examine the situation in the Middle East and particularly Israel's invasion of Lebanon, the sources said.

Morocco suggested that the league attempt to reconvene a summit meeting of Arab leaders held in Fez last November and suspended after disagreement over a Saudi Arabian peace plan for the Middle East.

Lebanon's request for a post-

ponement was expected to delay a meeting of foreign ministers, to make arrangements for the summit, which the PLO said should be held not later than next Friday.

Arab League sources said intensive consultations were going on in an effort to overcome Lebanon's objections and also to overcome reservations expressed by members of the Arab Steadfastness and Confrontation Front (Syria, Algeria, Libya, and South Yemen) about holding the summit in Morocco.

Libya's relations with Rabat in particular worsened this month after Morocco led a boycott of African states which prevented an Organisation of African Unity (OAU) summit from being held in Tripoli.

Tunis withdraws proposal, page 8

## Cairo repeats conditional offer to PLO commandos

CAIRO (R) — Egypt reiterated Tuesday that it would take Palestinian commandos evacuated from Beirut only as part of an overall Palestinian settlement.

With negotiations on the commandos' future now at a decisive stage, the caution was sounded by Deputy Foreign Minister Boutros Ghali after he met Ahmad Dajani, Cairo representative of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).

Dr. Ghali told reporters: "Egypt will not accept Palestinians unless this is in the context of a comprehensive solution."

This proviso has been repeatedly aired by Egyptian leaders from President Hosni Mubarak down. Diplomatic sources, however, have suggested that Egypt might accept some gesture by the United States towards the Palestinian problem as a fulfillment of this condition.

Dr. Ghali appeared to support this view when he told reporters: "An American political commitment towards a solution is needed."

Mr. Dajani briefed Dr. Ghali on the PLO's latest military and political situation. Dr. Ghali said he passed the information on to President Mubarak, who is now on a

visit to Oman.

## Sudan to accept 600

Mr. Dajani told reporters that 3,000 Palestinian fighters would come to Egypt. He said 600 would go to the Sudan.

Sudan's President Jaafar Numeiri confirmed earlier in the day that Sudan was prepared to take 600 commandos for a limited period.

Previously President Numeiri had put forward a condition similar to the Egyptian one, that his acceptance of the Palestinians was tied to development of an overall solution. In his latest statement he appeared to have dropped this condition.

This was included in a message from President Numeiri to Mr. Yasser Arafat in reply to a request from the Palestinian leader, the official Sudan News Agency (SUNA) said.

"It gives me pleasure to inform you that Sudan is ready to accept 600 Palestinian fighters who will land honorably in their home and among their people," the message said according to SUNA.

He said his offer would enable the Palestinians to reorganise their ranks after the unequal battle they were fighting.

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# MIDDLE EAST CONSTRUCTION

## Constructing modern mosques presents many challenges

By A.E.J. Morris

Ask 'which modern building type presents the most challenging design problems?' and most architects, regardless of the country in which they are working, would include buildings of religious assembly among those that are the more difficult (if not actually naming them as the most difficult), making reference to mosque, church or temple as appropriate, depending on the particular religious context.

Implicit in the question is whether or not an individual architect aspires to create a religious building which is both suitable for the extra-special purpose, and yet which is self-evidently both of its place and late 20th-century time. To leave out of consideration those mosques, churches and temples that are designed as copies of historic examples, or versions of an historical architectural style, is not to dismiss the alternative approach as invalid or unworthy of consideration. How could that be attempted when numerous religious authorities and members of congregations (and a not insignificant number of architects) would prefer a recognisably 'historic' aesthetic?

Nevertheless, it is my belief, as expressed in Middle East Construction over a number of years, that just as the historic architectural styles all evolved from precedents, so in turn should the architecture of today continue to evolve from that of the recent past. The architecture of Islam, with its long tradition of assimilating that which is appropriate from other countries, need be no exception, as I argued in the article 'Towards a new architecture' (MEC, October 1981). In particular, I have in mind the application of modern construction technology to the traditional climatic and cultural determinants of historic Islamic architecture. If the requirements of suitability for purpose are properly resolved, then the result will be an architecture of its place and time.

### Challenges

Challenging as it is for architects to create modern Christian churches in Europe and the U.S., it appears to a non-Islamic

observer of the Middle Eastern architectural scene that the problems encountered in the design of modern mosques must be significantly more difficult to solve. Historic reasons for this difference between European countries and the Arabian Gulf states have been noted before.

Summarised, these result from the greatly compressed timescale of economic change from pre-oil revenue pasts to fully modern status. Economically the Arabian Gulf states are now of the late 20th-century, whereas in their religious, social and political evolutions they are still at various stages of transition from a local past to the international present. Expressed in terms of architectural development, it is as if European countries had jumped from their mediaeval periods to the present day in only 4 or 5 decades, at the most, instead of the actual 400 or 500 years of gradual evolution.

### Religious expectations

At this point, further consideration must be given to the question of architectural suitability for religious purpose. This vital requirement extends far beyond mere ability to accommodate a given number of people within a building enclosure that functions satisfactorily in the physical respects of protection from the external environment, acoustics and visibility. These are secondary, practical considerations, compared with the need to embody in the fabric of the building a spiritual content that will be in accordance with the expectations of those using the building.

The essential architectural problem is that of designing in sympathy with established historic religious imagery, derived from centuries of traditional building, while at the same time taking proper advantage of the structural possibilities inherent in modern construction technology. However, whereas in Christian Europe there are the several centuries of gradual change between the compelling religious images of mediaeval Gothic cathedrals and the present day, in Islamic countries, notably those of the Arabian Gulf (with which this column is primarily concerned) the comparable architectural past is well within living memory.

Architectural circumstances in many Islamic countries are directly comparable with those of the 1670s in England, when the architect Christopher Wren encountered great resistance from religious traditionalists in seeking approval for his plans for a new St. Pauls Cathedral, in London. His proposals in the then 'revolutionary', ultra-modern Renaissance style had to be modified in accordance with mediaeval Gothic functional arrangements, although he was able to keep the 'modern' appearance.

(Recently there was also the very considerable controversy Cathedral, which revealed three hundred years later, the strength of the religious affinity for the 'English mediaeval past'.)



Al Siddique mosque, Doha, with octagonal minaret

### New local mosques

The rapid and extensive growth of many of the Arabian Gulf cities has required the building of numerous small and medium-sized neighbourhood mosques to serve local communities. These are in addition to the main state, and Friday mosques, of which the state mosque in Kuwait City, currently, at an advanced stage of construction, is an extremely important new design which will be illustrated on completion. The examples accompanying this column are of smaller local mosques, photographed during a recent visit, at Muscat, Oman; Dubai, and Doha, Qatar, with the mosque at a new tribal centre in the hinterland of Oman in addition. Two small historic mosques are also included by way of showing exam-

ples of traditional precedents. This consideration of new mosque architecture is limited to the external appearance, where there is greater possibility for interpretation of traditional religious expectations, in terms of modern technology, than is allowable with the internal plan arrangements.

### Local technology

Historical architectural forms were determined by the available local technology. The minarets of the two old mosques at Sibad Village, Muscat, Oman, and in a redevelopment district of the city of Doha, Qatar, are examples of this effect: their circular shapes result from an inability to build durable, more or less precise, corners of a square or rectangular plan (should their designers have so wished) with rudimentary bricks or rough pieces and readily rendered over to give a reasonably weatherproof, uniform surface. Modern precision concrete block manufacture for comparable rendered surfaces, and the shaping possible with insitu concrete and precast concrete construction, enable new, visually different architectural forms to meet the same traditional requirements.

The minaret of the mosque at Ruwi, a new district of Muscat, Oman, is one excellent instance of the use of new technology; so also but as a markedly different architectural approach — is the Al Siddique mosque at Doha. (As further contrast, the minaret of the mosque is the new Jumeira district of Dubai is a more traditional design.)

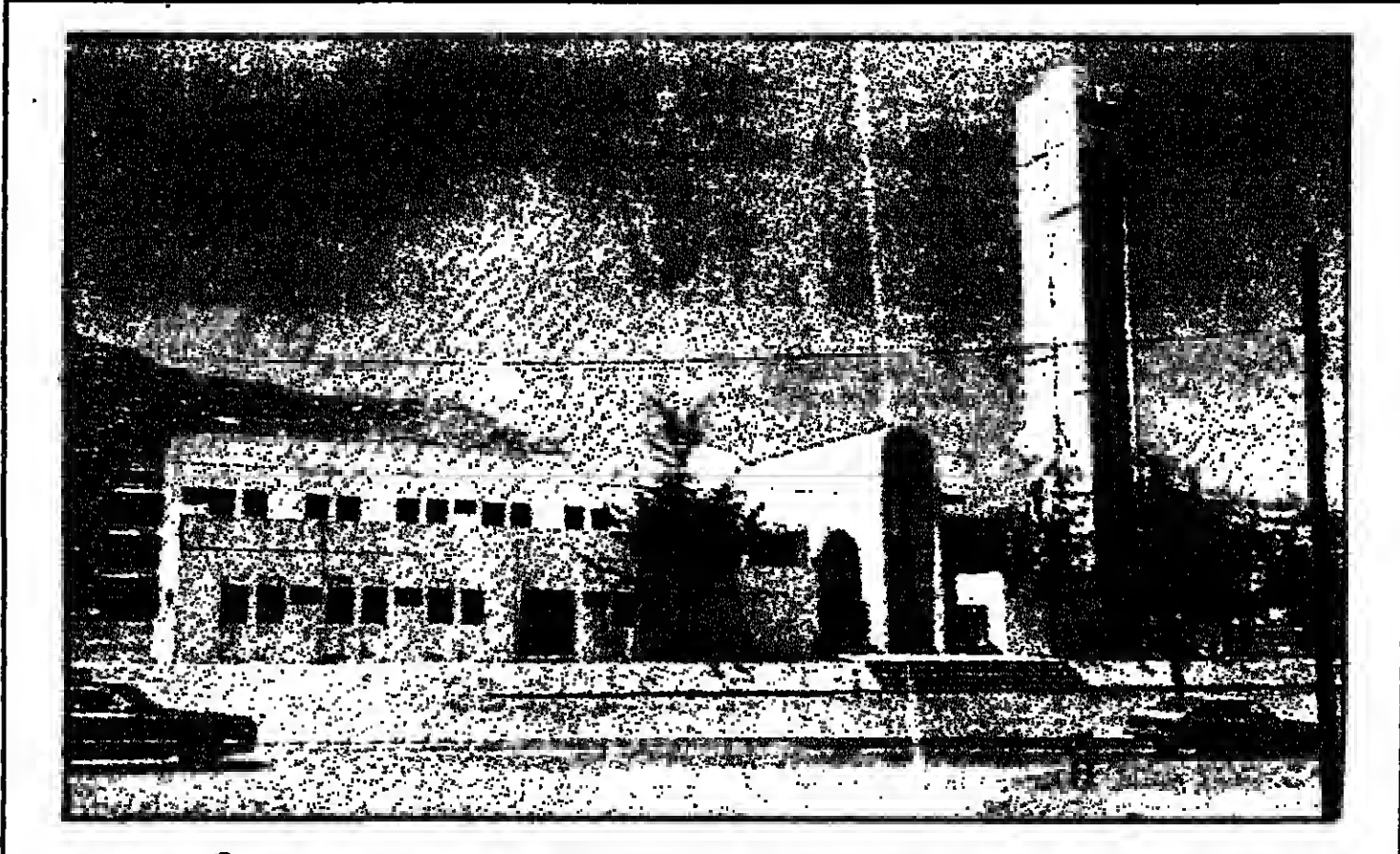
The related dictates of climatic control, and technology — which could not economically provide for wide openings — created the traditional small window and door

openings in external walls. The reinforced concrete construction of the Ruwi mosque, by comparison, could have provided for very large openings, but the designers, correctly, preferred to follow the historic 'window-in-wall' approach, thereby conforming with expectations. This example however makes effective use of the semi-circular arch motif which although not a truly traditional form, is nonetheless well suited to both climatic and cultural requirements.

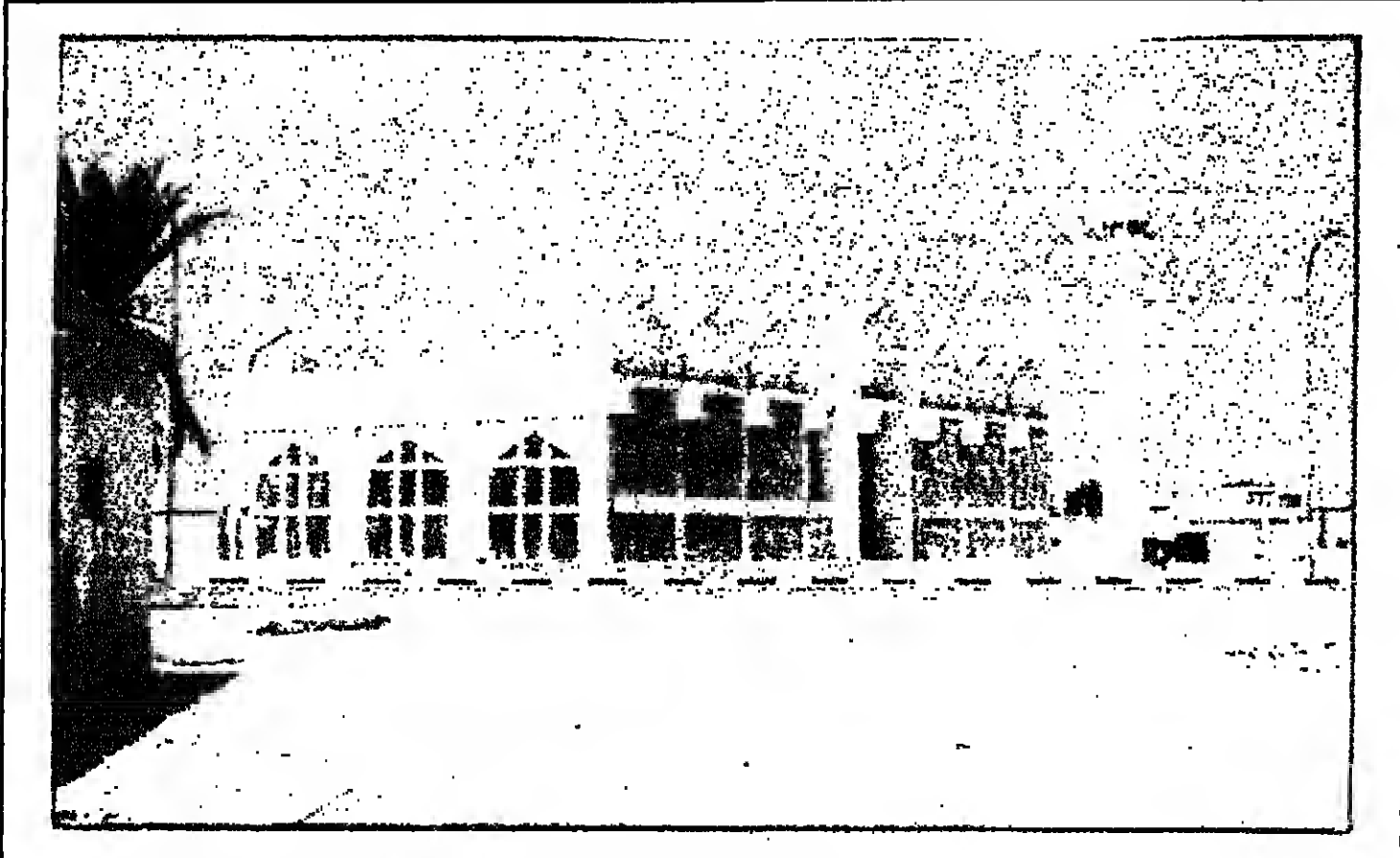
Portico and comparable external wall openings in traditional construction either involved simple horizontal lintels — if timber or stone of adequate dimensions and strength was available (as with the Doha example); or arch construction, usually, but not invariably, of pointed design (as the Sibad mosque). The Al Siddique mosque maintains tradition in this respect, whereas the Jumeira mosque interprets the past in a highly original way, which, it is to be believed, is generally pleasing to the local religious community. This skilful exercise in reinforced concrete designing takes the arch motif up above roof level as an effective skyline, and has the openings below filled in with a simple sun-shading screen.

Domed roof construction over the main internal space was historically an expensive development from flat roofs with the necessary column supports, and as such could seldom be afforded in the design of these smaller mosques. State and other comparable main mosques are where this traditional design motif is found, and although technology now makes domes generally possible, the flat roof alternative would seem to be preferable.

— From Middle East Construction



A mosque in the new Ruwi district of Muscat, Oman.



A mosque in the Jumeira district of Dubai with modern use of traditional arch form.

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Haya Ara Centre ..... 65195  
Hussein Youth City ..... 67181  
Y.W.C.A. ..... 41793  
Amman Municipal Library ..... 36111  
University of Jordan Library ..... 84355

### MUSEUMS

Feldore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 3 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760.  
Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th century orientalist artists. Mountsah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128.

Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m. - 4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 64240.  
Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169.

### SERVICE CLUBS

Lebanese Club. Meetings every

first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30 p.m.

Lebanese Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, 1.30 p.m.

Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1.30 p.m.

Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m.

Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman, Eighth Circle. Tel. 515261.

### CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, tel. 24590.

Church of the Annunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, 37440.

De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, 66428.

Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, 23541.

Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman, 43453.

Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafieh, 71331.

Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafieh, 72561.

St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafieh, 71751.

Amman International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 63249.

### PRAYER TIMES

03:26 ..... Fayr  
04:57 ..... (Sunrise) Shuruf  
11:02 ..... Dhukur  
15:21 ..... 'Asr  
16:24 ..... Maghrib  
19:54 ..... Isha

## FOR THE TRAVELLER

### AMMAN AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Air Jordan information department at Amman Airport tel. 92205-6, where it should always be verified.

### ARRIVALS

07:15 ..... Cairo (EA)  
07:45 ..... Karachi (PIA)  
08:25 ..... Agaña (RJ)  
09:00 ..... Larnaca (CY)  
09:00 ..... Cairo (RJ)  
09:15 ..... Abu Dhabi (RJ)  
09:40 ..... Dhahran (RJ)  
09:45 ..... Kuwait (RJ)  
09:50 ..... Muscat, Dubai (RJ)  
11:10 ..... Cairo (EA)  
14:50 ..... Bucharest (Tarom)  
15:20 ..... Jeddah (SV)  
15:30 ..... Kuwait (KAC)  
15:30 ..... Cairo (RJ)  
16:30 ..... Bangkok (RJ)  
17:00 ..... Copenhagen, Athens (RJ)  
17:10 ..... Cairo (EA)  
17:15 ..... New York, Vienna (RJ)  
17:30 ..... London, Istanbul (RJ)  
18:00 ..... Cairo (RJ)  
18:10 ..... Zurich (SR)  
18:35 ..... Paris (AF)  
18:45 ..... Casablanca, Tunis (RJ)  
19:15 ..... Frankfurt (LH)  
22:30 ..... Baghdad (RJ)  
24:00 ..... Cairo (RJ)  
00:30 ..... Baghdad (RJ)  
01:10 ..... Cairo (EA)  
02:30 ..... Belgrade, Istanbul (YA)

### DEPARTURES

05:00 ..... Cairo (RJ)  
05:25 ..... Larnaca, Frankfurt (LH)  
07:00 ..... Agaña (RJ)  
08:15 ..... Cairo (EA)  
08:40 ..... Karachi (PIA)  
09:00 ..... Rome (Alitalia)  
09:45 ..... Athens, Amsterdam (KLM)  
11:00 ..... Larnaca (CY)  
11:30 ..... Vienna, New York (RJ)  
12:00 ..... Cairo (RJ)  
12:00 ..... Athens, Copenhagen (SR)  
12:00 ..... London (RJ)  
12:10 ..... Cairo (EA)  
14:00 ..... Cairo (RJ)  
16:15 ..... Bucharest (Tarom)  
16:30 ..... Kuwait (KAC)  
16:50 ..... Jeddah (SV)

### MONEY EXCHANGE

Local sell/buy rates in Jds  
Belgian franc ..... 74.7/ 75.1  
Dutch guilder ..... 129/ 129.8  
Egyptian guinea ..... 343.3/ 340.3

### WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.

Normal summer weather with north-westerly moderate wind. In Agaha northerly moderate wind and calm sea.

Low/high temperature in deg.C  
Amman ..... 21/31  
Agaha ..... 27/40  
Deserts ..... 21/36  
Jordan Valley ..... 24/38

Yesterday's high temperature readings:  
Amman 31, Agaha 39. Humidity readings:  
Amman 39 per cent, Agaha 25 per cent.

## USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

### EMERGENCIES

Ambulance ..... 193, 75111  
First aid, fire, police ..... 199  
Blood bank ..... 75121  
Civil Defence rescue ..... 61111  
Fire headquarters ..... 22000-3  
Police rescue ..... 192, 21111, 37777  
Police headquarters ..... 39141  
Traffic police ..... 56390-1  
Electric Power Co. ..... 36381-2  
Municipal waste service ..... 71125-6

### HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre ..... 31381-32  
Khalidi Maternity, J. Amman ..... 44261-4  
Al-Khaleel Maternity, J. Amman ..... 42641  
Jabal Amman Maternity ..... 32362  
Malhas, J. Amman ..... 36140  
Palestine, Shmeisani ..... 64171-4  
University Hospital ..... 845845  
Dar Al-Sila, J. Hussein ..... 67158  
Al-Musharraf, J. Hussein ..... 67127-9  
The Islamic, Abdali ..... 65292  
Al-Ahli, Abdali ..... 64164  
Italian, Al-Muhajirin ..... 77101-3  
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh ..... 75111  
Army, Marka ..... 91611

### NIGHT DUTY

AMMAN  
Dr. Mohammad Mussa Al Abadi 78959

### GENERAL

Dr. Jamil Zuhdi Marqah 76149/79494  
Al Salam pharmacy ..... 36720  
Al Jalil pharmacy ..... 5-1228  
Firas pharmacy ..... 51912  
Asaf pharmacy ..... 59281  
Tareq taxi ..... 23024  
University taxi ..... 61001  
Cable taxi ..... 811406  
Al-Baqi taxi ..... 41299  
Asfour taxi ..... 23230  
ZARQA  
Royal pharmacy ..... (—)  
IRBID  
Dr. Marhar Al Halabi ..... 3474-2193  
Al-Far pharmacy ..... 3661

## MARKET PRICES

Upper/lower price in Jds per kg.  
Apple (African) ..... 450/400  
Apple (American) ..... 500/450  
Apple (Double Red) ..... 280/200  
Apple (Golden) ..... 280/200  
Apple (Japanese) ..... 360/300  
Apple (Local) ..... 180/140  
Apple (Starline) ..... 280/200  
Apricot (Local) ..... 230/200  
Banana ..... 260/200  
Banana (Mukannam) ..... 225/180  
Beans ..... 200/160  
Beans (string) ..... 210/180  
Broad Beans ..... 170/140  
Cabbage ..... 110/90  
Carrot ..... 80/60  
Cauliflower (white) ..... 150/120  
Cherries ..... 360/300  
Cucumber (large) ..... 170/150  
Cucumber (small) ..... 240/200  
Eggplant (small) ..... 130/100  
Figs ..... 140/100  
Garlic ..... 500/400  
Grapes ..... 210/160  
Grape leaves ..... 300/250  
Hot Green Pepper ..... 220/180  
Lemon ..... 200/160  
Mango ..... 90/70  
Marrow ..... 120/100  
Marrow (small) ..... 200/160  
Melon ..... 210/180  
Okra ..... 240/200  
Onion (dry) ..... 80/60  
Parsley ..... 100/100  
Peas ..... 400/300  
Peas (Lebanese) ..... 360/300  
Plums ..... 280/200  
Potato (imported) ..... 130/100  
Radish ..... 150/150  
Red Cherries ..... 500/400  
Sage ..... 450/380  
Sweet Pepper ..... 230/180  
Tomato ..... 120/80  
Water Melon ..... 80/60  
Water Melon (striped) ..... 70/50



## NEWS



His Majesty King Hussein pins a medal on the chest of one of the excellency members of the batch of air force pilots who received their wings Tuesday. (Petra photo)

## New batch of air force pilots receive wings

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein, the Supreme Commander of the Jordanian Armed Forces, attended on Tuesday afternoon the celebration marking the graduation of a new class of the Royal Jordanian Air Force pilots at an air force base.

The commander of the air force college made a speech welcoming His Majesty the Supreme Com-

mander. Said he: "These graduates have completed their military, academic and aviation training according to an accurate training plan. They have completed all phases of training successfully, and thus they deserved the honour of receiving their wings to participate alongside their brethren in defending Jordan's skies and its cherished land." King Hussein handed the graduate pilots their

wings and the cups to the excellency pilots.

The graduation ceremony was attended by His Highness Prince Faisal Ibn Al Hussein, Commander-in-Chief of the Jordanian Armed Forces Lt.-Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, the commander of the Royal Jordanian Air Force and several senior officers.

## Major exporting drive planned for 1983

AMMAN (Petra) — The Amman chamber of industry is making contacts with several ministries and bodies concerned with the Jordanian economy and its development to declare the year 1983 the Year of Exports in Jordan with the aim of waging a major exporting drive.

Amman Chamber of Industry Director Ali Al Dajani told the Jordanian News Agency, Petra, that the activity of the Jordanian exports is still slow and is not in line with the real requirements with the general growth and the available resources in Jordan.

Mr. Dajani said export needs efforts and continuous work, and we need procedural, marketing and information instruments to boost exports. Mr. Dajani said the chamber will work in cooperation with the ministry of trade and industry and related departments and bodies to make the idea succeed and transform it into an objective plan which can be applied in order to develop the export activities in Jordan.

Mr. Dajani added that the private sector in Jordan has good capabilities to activate the local market and to export industrial commodities. These capabilities should be pooled and modern methods should be used in local and foreign marketing, he said.



Chamber of Industry Director Ali Al Dajani

## Lawzi leaves for Manila food experts conference

AMMAN (Petra) — Agriculture Under-Secretary Salim Al Lawzi left Amman for Manila on Tuesday to attend the conference of the foodstuff experts which will be held there on Aug. 16.

The conference will discuss during its weeklong meetings the study prepared by the Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) in Rome on the regional and semi-regional needs of foodstuffs and the possibility of their use as a base for a food exchange system among the various regions of the world.



Agriculture Under-Secretary Salim Al Lawzi

## Transport Ministry middle management course over

AMMAN (Petra) — The programme on middle management for employees of the Transport Ministry was concluded on Tuesday afternoon at the Public Administration Institute.

Acting Institute Director Abdullah Ullayan called on the participants in a speech to apply the skills and knowledge they have acquired in the service of citizens. He also affirmed the significance of enhancing the opportunities of

cooperation between the institute and the Transport Ministry through holding training programmes to develop the administrative process in the ministry.

The four-day programme in which 21 supervisory employees participated included lectures on managerial and behavioural topics in work, communications, the simplification of procedures, discussions and case studies.

## 758 ships docked in Aqaba so far this year

AMMAN (Petra) — The volume of exports and imports via Aqaba Port in the first third of 1982 totalled some 3,720,000 tonnes and the number of ships anchored in Aqaba 758.

A report by the Amman Chamber of Industry said exported raw phosphates in 1981 totalled 3,489,000 tonnes while it

totalled in the first third of 1982 some 1,234,000 tonnes. The report said that export activities from Aqaba Port would increase when Dead Sea potash extracts, estimated at some 1,200,000 tonnes in the first year in addition to the chemical fertiliser products estimated at some 750,000 tonnes a year.

## Municipality to form health laboratories department

AMMAN (Petra) — Amman Mayor Isam Ajlouni has decided to form a new department for health and environmental laboratories at the municipality.

The new department will undertake the collection of foodstuff samples from Amman markets and examining them to ascertain that they are fit for human consumption as well as inspection and examination of drinking water and that in swimming pools in the capital and places selling or processing foodstuffs. The department will be entitled to take the necessary measures against the violators. Dr. Mohammad Ali Al Hadidi has been appointed director of the department.

The statement said Israeli actions in Lebanon and in the occupied Arab territories such as the construction of settlements, the seizure of lands, the annexation of the Golan Heights, the deportation of the mayors of Hebron and Halhoul and the dissolution of the municipal councils in the West Bank and Gaza Strip cities are "taking place to the full knowledge of the U.S. administration which is offering support and air, naval and ground armament for Israel. This indicates that the United States is rendering all-out support and approval of Israel's aggressive and criminal actions."

### Halting aggression

The statement called for the immediate halt of the Israeli aggression and the withdrawal of the Israeli forces from Lebanon in accordance with the United Nations Security Council and General Assembly resolutions as well as for the preservation of Lebanon's sovereignty, territorial integrity and independence. The two sides appealed to the Arabs to strengthen the ties of solidarity to confront all the Zionist and imperialist designs threatening the Arab area and future.

**Comprehensive settlement**  
The statement said that Soviet and Jordanian parliamentarians believe that the events currently taking place in Lebanon and the occupied West Bank, Gaza Strip and the Golan Heights dictate that a comprehensive and final settlement of the Middle East problem be found. In order to achieve this goal efforts should be made with the participation of all concerned sides, including the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian people to achieve the just and comprehensive solution of the Middle East crisis. This is why the Soviet Union's call for convening an international conference on the Middle East under the U.N. auspices to reach a just, honourable and comprehensive solution of the Middle East crisis is an important call, the statement said. The head of the Soviet delegation extended an invitation to the speaker of the Upper House of Parliament to pay an official visit to the Soviet Union at the head of a Jordanian parliamentary delegation. The invitation was accepted with thanks, and its date will be fixed in the future.

## Jordanian, PLO delegates address Palestinian affairs conference

TUNIS (Petra) — Occupied Territories Affairs Under-Secretary and leader of the Jordanian delegation to the conference of the supervisors of Palestinian affairs in their host countries, Shawkat Mahmoud, has said that "by invading Lebanon, the Zionist enemy seeks to destroy the Palestinian resistance and to peddle the autonomy plot in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip, particularly after his failure to implement the Village Leagues plot, thanks to the steadfastness of the residents of the occupied territories."

Mr. Mahmoud was speaking at the conference which began its work in Tunis Tuesday. He refuted the Zionist allegations to implement the plot and said the enemy established the so-called village leagues to peddle the plot.

Mr. Mahmoud also explained Jordan's role and the efforts it is making to foil the enemy designs in this field.

The representative of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) also spoke in the conference. He explained the consequences of destruction inflicted by the Zionist invasion forces on the Palestinian refugee camps in Lebanon. He said 60 to 80 per cent of 14 refugee camps inhabited by well over 300,000 Palestinians were destroyed, and that well over 66,000 destitute refugees are living now without shelter. 90,000 other Palestinian refugees who evacuated Beirut during the Zionist invasion are living under very bad social and health conditions.



Occupied Territories Affairs Under-Secretary Shawkat Mahmoud

## King's bibliography published on Accession Day

AMMAN (Petra) — On the occasion of the 30th anniversary of His Majesty King Hussein's accession to the throne, the Press and Publications Department issued a book on the King entitled "Hussein's Bibliography." The book, which was prepared by the Jordanian libraries society, includes the writings of King Hussein and what Arab and foreign writers and authors wrote about him.

A special chapter was allocated to the writings of the King, and the rest of the contents were arranged according to the procedure used in bibliographical works.

There are also indexes of the titles and translators. An information exhibition of the pictures, books and stamps which narrate the story of Jordan and its development and progress in the era of King Hussein will be organised on this occasion.

## NCC Foreign Affairs Committee holds meeting

AMMAN (Petra) — The foreign affairs committee of the National Consultative Council (NCC) met on Tuesday morning under committee chairman Abdul Wahhab Al Majali.

The committee discussed in its meeting, part of which was attended by NCC Speaker Sulei-

man Arar, the drafting of the recommendations approved by the NCC in its session held last Sunday to discuss the situation in Lebanon.

The committee will hold a meeting next Saturday to draw up the final arrangements for these recommendations.

## University president urges staff to aid Lebanon victims

AMMAN (Petra) — University of Jordan President Abdul Salam Al Majali has called on the university employees to make donations to the Palestinian and Lebanese victims of the criminal Zionist invasion of Lebanon.

In a statement he made on Tuesday, Dr. Majali said the pan-Arab duty dictates on us to continue support of our brethren in Lebanon to enable them to hold out in the face of the predicament they are facing.

## Civil Defence Directorate tests alarm sirens

AMMAN (Petra) — The Civil Defence Directorate conducted a test Tuesday in the Amman area to determine the efficiency of the warning systems and the extent of their fitness.

Civil Defence Director-General Maj.-Gen. Khalid Al Tarawneh said the tests will include the various cities of the country in the next few days, and that the tests do not require the citizens to take any certain measures, but should continue their work when hearing sirens.

## Palestinians seek to try Israeli leaders for war crimes

AMMAN (Petra) — The General Federation of Palestinian Jurists is currently making contacts with the Arab Bar Association and other international judicial bodies to form an international court to try the Israeli leaders as war criminals and to withdraw the Nobel Peace Prize from Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin.

Quoting the Palestinian federation sources, the Kuwaiti news agency reported that Palestinian jurists are making the necessary preparations to convene an international symposium for solidarity with the Palestinian people against the policy of genocide being carried by the Zionist authorities with the support and assistance of the United States.

The Palestinian sources explained that efforts are concentrated to try the Israeli leaders as war criminals for the crimes they committed against humanity, peace, the United Nations Charter, the International Declaration of Human Rights, and the Geneva conventions.

## Jordan to study future need of skilled labour

AMMAN (Petra) — The Royal Institute for Culture and Education is currently conducting a study to assess Jordan's needs of specialised technical and administrative manpower over the next five years.

The aim of the study is to define the needs for specialists, technicians and managers for the purpose of scientific research and planning and to cover the qualitative and quantitative shortage in the manpower cadres in the various fields.

## Electricity authority refers tenders for network in south

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jordan Electricity Authority (JEA) has referred two tenders to two foreign and local companies to install the necessary electric networks to electrify 31 villages in the areas of Wadi Musa, Ma'an, Shawbak, Tafila and Karak.

The first tender includes the installation of high-tension networks while the second tender

includes the installation of low-tension networks. The cost of the project, which is expected to be completed within two years is JD 2,200,000 and will be financed by loans from the World Bank and the JEA budget.

This is the sixth project the JEA implements in the rural areas in central and southern Jordan.

## Post office handles Mu'tah University application forms

AMMAN (Petra) — Post offices in the various parts of the country began on Tuesday accepting applications for enrolment in the police science college in Mu'tah university.

Communications Ministry sources said that acceptance of the applications will continue until Aug. 20.

The ministry has instructed all post offices to send the applications by registered mail as soon as possible and to acquaint the students with the enrolment instructions which the university distributed to the post offices.



At seventeen, His Majesty King Hussein accedes to the throne of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan

## Jordan celebrates King's accession to throne today

AMMAN (J.T.) — Jordan celebrates Wednesday, the 30th year of the rule of His Majesty King Hussein. After the assassination of his grandfather King Abdullah, (1951), and the brief reign of his father King Talal who abdicated on Sept. 9, 1951, for health reasons, King Hussein inherited at the tender age of 17 the throne of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, a small country in short supply of everything.

During the past thirty years, the country saw major developments in every field. The country's economy, predominantly agricultural and based on ancient methods, was more difficult to develop, especially as it was beset by the 1967 war in which Jordan lost the West Bank to Israel. However, the process of modernisation that started in the '50's with the mechanisation of agriculture proceeded relentlessly to give

Jordan the varied economy that it has now. The successive development plans, (1973-1976, 1976-1981 and the current five year plans) gave Jordan an industrial base, a more productive agricultural sector, and a highly developed banking and financial sector. The little country of the fifties, that had little but high hopes stands now a focal point in regional developments.

## Soviet delegation ends visit

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jordanian and Soviet sides have expressed their deep concern over the dangerous situation in Lebanon and strongly denounced the barbaric Israeli aggression on Lebanon. In a statement issued on Monday evening, at the end of the Soviet parliamentary delegation's visit to Jordan, the two sides denounced the inhuman practices of the invading Israeli forces in Lebanon which consist of "killing children, women and old people and destroying buildings, institutes, places of worship, hospitals and embassies as well as carrying out acts of piracy and committing the ugliest atrocities against the Lebanese and Palestinian people in blatant violation of the United Nations charter, the Geneva conventions and international laws and norms."

The two sides declared that "the killing and destruction of cities and villages, the cutting off of drinking water from the residents of west Beirut and banning of foodstuffs and medicines are a direct result of the Camp David agreement and the dismemberment of the Arab ranks."

The statement said Israeli actions in Lebanon and in the occupied Arab territories such as the construction of settlements, the seizure of lands, the annexation of the Golan Heights, the deportation of the mayors of Hebron and Halhoul and the dissolution of the municipal councils in the West Bank and Gaza Strip cities are "taking place to the full knowledge of the U.S. administration which is offering support and air, naval and ground armament for Israel. This indicates that the United States is rendering all-out support and approval of Israel's aggressive and criminal actions."

The statement called for the immediate halt of the Israeli aggression and the withdrawal of the Israeli forces from Lebanon in accordance with the United Nations Security Council and General Assembly resolutions as well as for the preservation of Lebanon's sovereignty, territorial integrity and independence. The two sides appealed to the Arabs to strengthen the ties of solidarity to confront all the Zionist and imperialist designs threatening the Arab area and future.



PETRA PHOTO

## Industrial Development Bank distributes fire-fighting kits

AMMAN (Petra) — The Industrial Development Bank began on Tuesday distributing 500 fire engines and first aid kits to light industry enterprises in various parts of the country. Some 304 enterprises will benefit from these

equipment whose cost is estimated at JD 8,000. In the last two years, the bank distributed 443 fire engines and first aid kits to similar enterprises to provide the means of public safety in these enterprises.



## SCIENCE & INDUSTRY

The Jordan Times is published daily except on Sundays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

هكذا قالوا



## FEATURES

By Richard Pascoe  
Renter

## Tibetan monasteries re-emerging from Maoist destruction

LHASA, Tibet — Tibet's once-powerful monasteries, gradually re-emerging from the ashes of Maoist destruction, have been permitted to recruit children once again as novice monks to carry on their ancient traditions.

The more orthodox Tibetan communists are less than happy with this but realise they must accept it as part of the national policy of restoring religious freedom among China's disenfranchised minority peoples.

Western journalists visiting Lhasa's Drepung monastery, the biggest in Tibet until its power was broken 23 years ago for joining the 1959 anti-Chinese rebellion, saw a group of small boys wearing the traditional red habits of Tibetan lamas (religious leaders).

An adult monk said Drepung, home monastery of the exiled Dalai Lama, had recruited 30 novices in the past two years, boosting its total number of lamas to 200. They expected to take

more in the future.

The novices were aged between seven and 20, and officials in Lhasa explained that in addition to their studying tantric Buddhist texts, measures had been taken to ensure they got a normal education as well.

An ex-monk working as a caretaker at Lhasa's other big monastery, Sera, said it too had recruited 20 to 30 young novices to augment its 100 adult monks.

Even with the new intake, both monasteries are shadows of their former splendour.

In its heyday in the 1950s, Drepung housed 10,000 monks, 2,300 more than permitted under Chinese government regulations at the time, while its great rival had 5,500.

Many of those at Drepung were driven out by the people's liberation army in 1959 after the abbot dispatched several thousand armed monks to join the

anti-communist rebellion. The rebellion failed, prompting the Dalai Lama's flight into India.

The remainder were expelled by Mao Tse Tung's atheist Red Guards in the cultural revolution of the 1960s.

## After Mao's death

Now with Mao dead and religious freedom restored, only a small proportion of them have come back. The rest have either died, married and thus irrevocably broken their vows or simply become used to life on the commune.

The Drepung, which means rice-heap in Tibetan, is a majestic complex of layer upon layer of white stone buildings with flat roofs and gold canopies, stretching up a rocky hillside to the northwest of the Tibetan capital. Ruins higher up show that it was once even larger.

Sera is less imposing, but on the mountain behind it lies the flat rock on which the bodies of dead Tibetans from Lhasa are chopped up and fed to the vultures in the still popular, traditional "sky-burial".

Dorje Tsaidam, Communist Party leader of the holy city, said he planned to convert some of the empty buildings at the two monasteries to provide shelter to the tens of thousands of ragged pilgrims who flock to worship in Lhasa each year.

At present, some can be seen sleeping in the streets or in tents and cooking over camp fires.

Mr. Dorje, a veteran communist, told a group of visiting correspondents he would have become a monk himself as a boy had his father not forbidden him. He said he found it said that children were once again being inducted as novices.

"But we can't stop it, because it's their belief," he said. "We cannot interfere in their freedom to believe."

## Lamaism in Tibet

He said lamaism had done great harm to Tibet, and had even halved the population of Tibet from two million in the 18th century to less than one million when the Dalai Lama left, by inducting one fifth of the adult males into monkhood.

The Chinese say the Tibet "autonomous region" now has 1.84 million people, though the Dalai Lama says there are six million Tibetans in China as a whole.

Mr. Dorje added that religion was bound to die out sooner or later, but in his view this would take several generations.

"As a matter of fact, religion will gradually lose its appeal if you

let people be free," Mr. Dorje said. It was forbidden, this only added to its aura of mystery, he said.

So China's communists, after an experiment of a decade of suppression, are now reconciled to the fact that religion cannot be wiped out easily.

Though most of Tibet's 2,700 monasteries — the Dalai Lama says there were 3,500 — have been closed or destroyed, lamaism has emerged from Maoist fanaticism unscathed in the minds of most Tibetans.

The region's atheist Chinese rulers acknowledge that the influence of both lamaism and the Dalai Lama are still strong, and they would clearly like him back in China where they can control him like the Panchen Lama, the number two in the theocracy, who is now a reliable spokesman for the party line.

Wei Heng, the Chinese deputy

director of the Tibetan religious affairs bureau, said there were now only 1,000 lamas left in the monasteries compared with 110,000 in 1959.

He told reporters there were perhaps 3,000 more "scattered in society" who had not returned. But all the surviving monasteries had recently taken on young novices.

Mr. Dorje, who is also deputy chairman of the regional people's congress, said he did not know the exact number of monasteries being restored, but said the total was several dozen — an increase on the figure of 10 given two years ago.

## Ganden monastery

One of the most horrifying chapters of recent history to the Tibetans was the destruction of their most revered monastery,

Ganden, northeast of Lhasa, which was torn down stone from stone by Maoist fanatics.

Now its main sections are also being rebuilt after local Buddhists started the reconstruction by themselves, prompting the government to step in. Mr. Wei said three million yuan (\$1.6 million) had been set aside for renovating historical buildings in Tibet since 1979.

In addition to the monasteries and temples, the two palaces of the Dalai Lama are also regarded as shrines.

In both the Potala, the magnificent 17th-century citadel overlooking Lhasa, and in the Norbulinka, his summer palace rebuilt by the Chinese in the 1950s, pilgrims make offerings before gilded images of Gods and former Dalai Lamas.

The more affluent bring melted yak butter in thermos flasks to fill the open lamps, and place white scarves known as "hatas" round the necks of the Buddhas and God-Kings in the traditional Tibetan welcome.

## JORDAN MARKETPLACE

## RESTAURANTS &amp; BARS

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## SPORTS

## Louganis sees diving not just a sport but also an art form

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador (R) — Nobody was more surprised than Greg Louganis when he turned in a near-perfect performance in the three-metre springboard diving final at the World Swimming Championships here last week.

"I think he was a little shocked at what he had done," said his coach Ron O'Brien after Louganis had recorded a massive 752.67 points total after 11 dives, the highest score ever in a major competition.

"To break 700 is difficult, he's done that about three or four times, but to dive 750 is only 60 points off perfect and that's pretty incredible even for Greg to comprehend."

Louganis took his second gold last Saturday in the 10-metre platform event, scoring maximum points on his fourth dive.

The 22-year-old American, who studies performing arts at California University and hopes to become an actor or a dancer, sees diving as not just a sport but also as an art form.

"It's a beautiful sport, it's like a dance production," he said. "You have to have the strength, you have to have the grace, you have

to have the lines. It's the same thing as dance."

"I relate a lot of what I do in diving through my dance and vice-versa," he said. "Most of my training has been in dance. I've been dancing since I was a year and a half, and I was taking jazz and tap lessons until I was 12."

His dance background shows itself in the poise and composure of his movements as he takes his position on the board, or limbers up bouncing on the springboard before an event.

And it was with a dancer's discipline that Louganis swept to victory with more than a dozen "perfect" scores of 10 from the judges throughout the competition.

"I don't see diving as a mechanical action all. You have to make every dive, however difficult it is, seem effortless."

"It's a tremendous challenge, because you are competing against yourself and you have to make every dive count," said Louganis. "You shouldn't be looking towards the other divers to push you along."

Louganis, born of Samoan parents in the San Diego suburb of El Cajon and adopted by a Greek

and Scots-Irish couple when eight-months-old, began diving around the age of nine.

"I saw him when he was 11 and even at that age it was clear he was going to be a phenomenal diver some day," said O'Brien.

"He's a very talented person," said O'Brien. "I keep him in the right psychological frame of mind, trying to get him thinking the right way, convince him that he can do certain things, and work with him on the technical aspects of the sport. But he still has to get up there and perform himself."

Louganis is no stranger to success. In the 1976 Olympic Games he won the silver in the 10-metre platform but took the gold at the West Berlin World Championships two years later.

The United States' boycott of the 1980 Moscow Olympics robbed him of his medal chances there and increased his appetite for Guayaquil.

But training has brought problems for Louganis. He was dogged by a series of minor injuries for much of last year and could not begin training properly until December.

## Hairdresser combs out dreams of racing gamblers

OTTAWA (R) — Toronto hairdresser Andre Nader fulfilled every gambler's dream when he went through the card and picked six consecutive winners at a Friday night horse race meeting. But then he did it again on Saturday.

For his fellow Canadians, smitten with a new gambler's disease called sweep six fever, it was enough to send their temperatures soaring.

### Weiskopf to defend golf title

YORK, England (A.P.) — Tom Weiskopf of the United States will defend his title in the \$180,000 Benson and Hedges international golf tournament at Fulford from August 19-22, tournament officials said Monday.

Weiskopf, the 1973 British Open Champion will be challenged by golfers from 21 other nations.

The entry list includes Australians Graham Marsh and Greg Norman, Bernhard Langer of West Germany and Sandy Lyle of Britain. Marsh is a two-time winner of the championship.

Craig Stadler, the current U.S. Masters champion, has withdrawn because he was refused a release from the conflicting Buick Open in Grand Blanc, Michigan.

### Petrovic returns to Yugoslavia

LONDON (A.P.) — World Cup star Vladimir Petrovic Monday returned home to Belgrade hoping to convince the Yugoslav soccer authorities that he should be allowed to play for English first division club Arsenal.

The Yugoslav Football Association has refused to sanction Petrovic's £500,000 transfer from Red Star Belgrade until January, a decision that followed Yugoslavia's first-round elimination from the World Cup finals.

The spend hours every day trying to find the magic formula, pouring over the pages of the daily racing form or even in desperation trying the wife's birthdate and the car licence plate number.

Sweep six is a deceptively simple bet—all you have to do is to pick six winners in a row at any one meeting. It costs just two Canadian dollars (\$1.60) and could bring you untold riches because the pool is carried over to the next day if no one strikes it lucky first time.

That is just what happened last month at Vancouver's Exhibition Park, set against a beautiful backdrop of coastal mountains, when sweep six fever firmly gripped the Pacific city in a week-long guessing game.

No one had ever expected the pool to go unwon for a week but 21,000 gamblers packed into Exhibition Park on night seven in a determined bid to scoop the 2.2 million Canadian dollars (\$1.8 million) so temptingly on offer.

With Canada suffering its worst recession since the great depression of the 1930's, clearly the pot of gold at the end of the rainbow for just two dollars was too good to miss.

At the Vancouver Stock Exchange, not exactly the most buoyant in North America today, 33 investors put in 1,000 dollars apiece and backed one hot favourite in one race and combined it with a host of others. The "cert" came in fourth.

One heartbroken gambler saw

his hopes dissolve one night when his choice was disqualified in race six.

In the end, the giant pool was split three ways with two lucky winners quietly heading for home without identifying themselves. Estate agent and racehorse owner Peter Wall had no such qualms about publicity.

Mr. Wall, who considers himself a skilled handicapper in his spare time, revealed his not very original system which required a hefty outlay—pick one certainly in a couple of races and then link it with several choices in the other races.

Sweep six got another big publicity boost this month when beauty salon owner Nader, who confessed that horses and women have always been his downfall, went to Toronto's Greenwood Raceway for a Friday night takeaway of 140,000 Canadian dollars (\$116,000).

With lady luck clearly smiling on him, he left a client under the dryer in his salon on Saturday afternoon, hurried off to the Woodbine track and did it again, this time landing 117,000 Canadian dollars (\$97,000).

Sweep six was introduced last year but it was not until the Vancouver betting madness

The top five tracks in Canada operate sweep six pools and with the government introducing regulations that permit inter-track betting, the possibilities for a trans-continental bonanza would seem limitless.

## Coe, Ovett, Thompson selected for Athens meet

LONDON (R) — Olympic champions Steve Ovett, Sebastian Coe, Allan Wells and Daley Thompson were Tuesday included in Britain's team for the European Athletics Championships in Athens from Sept. 6 to 12.

But there will be no Ovett-Coe showdown in the middle-distance events with Ovett named to run the 1,500 metres and Coe the 800 metres.

Ironically Ovett is the Olympic 800 metres champion, having beaten Coe into second place, and Coe is the 1,500 metres champion, Ovett having finished third.

Ovett, Coe, Wells and Thompson have either illness or injury and before Tuesday's announcement there was speculation that one or more of them might not make the team.

Coe's selection was in most doubt after he marked his return from injury by running in a secretly-organised 800 metres last week. He achieved the European qualifying standard in that race but he was criticised for running behind closed doors and some British officials felt he should not be selected.

Coe, who was out for eight weeks with a stress fracture of the foot, still has to satisfy the selectors by reaching the qualifying time in a more orthodox race but there is little doubt that he will do this with ease.

Ovett, who needed a leg operation after a training accident last winter and recently suffered from an internal disorder which was diagnosed after he collapsed during a race in Paris, has been returning to his best form recently.

Ovett will be defending the 1,500 metres title in Athens. His most dangerous rival may well prove to be Steve Cram, his 21-year-old compatriot who is aiming to beat Ovett's world record for the distance this year.

Wells, 30, has been picked for both the 100 and 200 metres despite injury and illness this season while Thompson, who reclaimed the decathlon world record earlier this year, has gained his place after suffering a worrying arm injury in a pole-vaulting accident.

Less predictably, 17-year-old high jumper Geoff Parsons is also in the team and will make his senior debut for Britain in Athens.

### Saudi leads in Masters bowling

BANGKOK (R) — Saudi Arabia's Mario Baltazar Tuesday took the lead in the Masters event of the all-star international open Ten-Pin Bowling Championships by shooting a six-game series of 1,252.

Baltazar, 42, dipped below the 200 mark just once in compiling his score. He shot games of 202, 217, 234, 214, 182 and 203.

Singapore's Peter Lew, a former Thai Open Champion, is in second place with 1,115 and third is another Saudi Arabian, James Upshur, on 1,078.

Contenders from seven countries—Australia, Japan, the Philippines, Hong Kong, Malaysia, Singapore, and Saudi Arabia—are competing with their Thai hosts for the \$20,000 in prize money.

### World record holder beaten in 50-km walk

HAVANA (R) — World record holder Raul Gonzalez of Mexico was beaten into second place in the 50-kilometre walk by teammate Felix Gomez in the first upset of the 14th Central American and Caribbean Games here Monday.

Gomez's time of four hours five minutes and 30 seconds was, however, well outside Gonzalez's world record of 3:41:39 set three years ago in Bergen, Norway.

Gonzalez's time was 4:10:34 while David Castro of Cuba took the bronze in 4:43:53.

In the women's javelin Cuba's 1980 Moscow Olympic gold medalist Maria Canadell Colon headed off the challenge of her compatriot Mayra Vila with a throw of 62.80 metres. Venezuela's Arietha Riera took third place.

Cuba had another triumph in the 10,000 metres when Aldo Allen outsped Mexican favourite Enrique Aquino in a time of 30 minutes 13.12 seconds. Another Mexican, Gerardo Alcala, was third.

### Clive Lloyd set record for Lancashire

LONDON (R) — West Indian captain Clive Lloyd set a record for Lancashire batsmen by hitting his sixth century against Yorkshire on the second day of their annual "Roses" match in the English County Cricket League Monday.

Rain wiped out play after lunch but in the morning session Lloyd reached his 100 out of Lancashire's 310 for ten declared. At one stage on Saturday Lancashire were 79 for four.

Yorkshire have yet to bat in the contest, which was also hit by the weather on Saturday.

Pakistani Younis Ahmed made his first appearance for Worcestershire after a month on the injury list and did great damage to Leicestershire's championship hopes by hitting 122. He had a six and 12 fours to lead his side to 303 for seven declared, a lead of 56. Then Leicestershire lost Chris Balderson as they reached ten for one.

Graham Gooch, England's former opener, finally produced his first first-class century of the season for Essex, an unbeaten 105 as his side reached 148 for one in their second innings for a lead of 187 over Kent.

### Fitzgerald, Krishnan clear round 1 of Canadian Open

TORONTO (R) — Unseeded John Fitzgerald of Australia, struggling to find his top form of a year ago, and 13th-seeded Ramesh Krishnan of India won their first-round matches in the \$300,000 Canadian Men's Open Tennis Championships here Monday.

The tournament's top three seeds, John McEnroe, Jimmy Connors and defending champion Ivan Lendl of Czechoslovakia, are scheduled to play Tuesday.

The Canadian Open marks the first time that these three players have been in the same tournament since the Masters in New York last January.

Fitzgerald, ranked 49th in the world last year and now listed as 183rd, needed three hours and seven minutes before beating 10th-seeded Eric Fromm of the United States, 7-6, 3-6, 7-6.

Krishnan, 21, beat qualifier Marcel Freeman of the United States, 2-6, 6-2, 6-4. Ahead 4-2 in the third set, Fitzgerald saw his

margin evaporate as Fromm, 24, won three straight games to lead 6-5. Fromm held his serve to draw even at 6-6 and force a tiebreaker, which Fitzgerald won, seven points to four.

Later two of the brightest stars in tennis, Mats Wilander of Sweden and Chip Hooper of the United States, scored straight set wins in the opening round.

Wilander, who shot up from obscurity to be ranked ninth in the world on the strength of his French Open Championship in May, displayed his trademark pinpoint passing shots in beating qualifier American Tony Graham 2-5, 6-3, 6-4 in 68 minutes.

Wilander, 17, seeded sixth, has enjoyed his best success on clay courts but showed no discomfort on the York University hard courts here.

Hooper, who began 1982 ranked 235 and is now 27th, placed American Matt Doyle, 27. They hooked up in a classic serve and volley struggle that Hooper won with an ace, 7-6, 7-5, 6-3.

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## Ulrike Meyfarth jumps 2m at Munich meeting



MUNICH (DaD) — Ulrike Meyfarth, 26, from Cologne, the 1972 Olympic high jump gold medalist, cleared two metres at the 1982 Munich amateur athletics championships and narrowly

failed to jump 2.02m. The world record is 2.01m and has been held since 1978 by Sara Simeoni of Italy.

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## New management takes over Banco Ambrosiano

ROME (R) — The branches of Banco Ambrosiano, the Milan-based bank put into compulsory liquidation by Italy's Monetary authorities on Friday, opened for business as usual Tuesday under new management.

Officials of Nuovo Banco Ambrosiano spa, the successor bank set up to take over Ambrosiano's domestic activities, said clients' affairs were being handled normally after two days of frantic preparation over the weekend.

But in Milan lawyers representing some of the 40,000 small shareholders of the former bank said they were studying a possible challenge to the treasury decree, which ordered it to be wound up after seven weeks of management by commissioners appointed by the Central Bank.

"This is not a liquidation, this is a share out among seven banks of assets belonging to large numbers of small savers," lawyer Marino Mariani said.

The new Ambrosiano is exclusively owned by the pool of seven institutions which last month agreed with the Bank of Italy to

cover the stricken Milan bank's immediate liquidity needs.

The Bank of Italy has said the seven will try to give former shareholders an interest in the new bank through a preference share issue, but details of the scheme have still to be worked out.

Ambrosiano's failure, weeks after the flight and suicide of former Chairman Roberto Calvi, was the worst in post-war Italian banking history.

Its scale exceeded that of the 1974 failure of the Banca Privata Italiana of Michele Sindona, later jailed in America for the fraudulent collapse of his Franklin National Bank.

Ambrosiano was pushed into liquidation by the weight of an estimated \$1.4 billion of doubtful debt, owed mostly to its Latin American subsidiaries by Vatican-connected financial institutions in Panama.

In turn its overseas subsidiaries owed an estimated \$600 million to some 250 foreign banks, which have declared its Luxembourg holding company in default.

Italy's authorities have angered foreign bankers by saying neither the new nor the old Ambrosiano is liable to repay these loans.

As a result of Banco Ambrosiano's collapse, the Italian government has imposed new controls on foreign-based subsidiaries of Italian companies, closing a loophole in the foreign exchange regulations.

A Foreign Trade Ministry statement said that from Nov. 9 any Italian company wanting to set up an overseas holding subsidiary would have to obtain the ministry's approval.

Companies will have to show the ministry annual audited accounts of the holding company and its subsidiaries and will have to obtain prior approval from the ministry for their holding companies to acquire subsidiary holding companies, the statement said.

Trade Ministry officials said the government decree applied not to purely industrial or trade subsidiaries of Italian firms but to majority-Italian-owned mixed operations which were mainly financial holding companies with a limited trade or industrial role.

## Adco drills on man-made islands

ABU DHABI (OPECNA) — The Abu Dhabi Company for Onshore Oil Operations (Adco) has built two man-made islands off Abu Dhabi's coastline and is carrying out extension work on an existing one. By 1983, Adco hopes to be operating three new oil wells in the area using onshore equipment for offshore drilling operations.

The project, involving complex logistics, land and sea transportation, as well as land reclamation, represents a "first" in the Middle East, according to the newspaper Khaleej Times.

The islands, identical in design, cover some 50,000 square metres and stand just over four metres above the low-tide mark.

To protect the islands against the force of the sea, Adco has covered the slopes and sand beams with synthetic filter fabric, some 3,000 concrete blocks and other materials.

## Arab group declares 51% profit increase

RIYADH (OPECNA) — The Arab Petroleum Investments Corporation (Apicorp) recorded a net profit of \$47.77 million last year, an increase of 51 per cent over 1980.

Apicorp is said to have raised its equity participation in petroleum projects to \$68 million.

The corporation is wholly owned by the member countries of the Organisation of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC) and provides equity and loan finance for oil, gas and petroleum-related projects and industries in the Arab World.

## AEG plans to hive off home appliances business

FRANKFURT, West Germany (R) — West Germany's second largest electrical concern, AEG-Telefunken, faces a future in which it may no longer be a household name after calling in the receivers.

Following the biggest corporate failure in West German history, AEG now plans to hive off its loss-making home appliance businesses, ranging from washing machines to hairdryers, and concentrate on capital goods — gas turbines, satellites, and electronic components.

The decision by West Germany's 10th largest employer to give up the fight to keep the ailing group together is by no means the end of its daily negotiations with 25 banks, the ministries in Bonn and potential industrial saviours.

In the coming months a judge will have to establish whether AEG can keep Tuesday's promise to pay off 40 per cent its debts.

The banks seem to have resigned themselves to writing off a large portion of some 4.6 billion marks (\$1.8 billion) of loans. But despite pledges of support from Bonn, the question of a one billion mark (\$400 million) federal guarantee still remains open.

There may also be strong opposition from the 120,000 workforce world-wide, which could be slimmed down drastically. The capital goods sector will only be able to support 60,000 jobs.

Chairman Heinz Duerr said some 12,000 jobs will be shed as a result of Monday's decision. The fate of the remaining workers depends on AEG finding willing partners to take over its various loss-making household appliance subsidiaries.

It had looked a month ago that the company's immediate future was secure after the government in Bonn promised to provide 600 million marks (\$240 million) in export credit guarantees.

But it made the aid conditional on AEG's banks agreeing to provide an extra 275 million marks (\$110 million) in new credits — a condition which the AEG banking consortium could not agree to meet.

## Sino-U.S. trade reaches \$2.75b

PEKING (R) — Sino-U.S. trade for the first six months of 1982 is running at a higher level than last year, despite political tensions over American arms sales to Taiwan, according to figures released Tuesday.

The U.S. embassy said bilateral trade for the January-June period totalled \$2.75 billion against \$2.4 billion for the same period in 1981. The end of June figures showed the level of 1982 exchanges pulling ahead of the 1981 rate for the first time.

While U.S. exports at \$1.71 billion were down eight per cent, imports from China at \$1.04 billion rose 20 per cent on the mid-year 1981 level.

The figures showed that China's export drive was clearly improving the country's trading position, cutting the trade gap by one-third to \$662.7 million.

## Saudi firm wins \$74m contract

RIYADH (OPECNA) — A Saudi national company has won a \$74.16 million contract for the second stage of the 114-circuit electricity project distributing network in the north of the country. The contract, due to be completed in 32 months, was signed by Saudi Industry and Electricity Minister Ghazi Al Gosaibi.

## Reagan's gas pipeline sanctions hamper U.S.-European relations

AFTON, Oklahoma (R) — President Reagan's sanctions against the proposed Soviet natural gas pipeline were a foreign policy disaster which did more to harm U.S.-European relations than anything the Russians could have done, a leading congressman said Tuesday.

Thomas Foley, a Washington State Democrat and majority whip in the House of Representatives, told the National Governors Association meeting here that he doubted Congress would be able to take any meaningful action to protest against Mr. Reagan's decision.

At least one Republican Governor, James Thompson of Illinois, agreed with Mr. Foley. The State of Illinois, the country's

main exporter of equipment and agricultural products, now has the second-highest unemployment rate in the United States.

This is due in part to the administration's ban on the use of American technology for the Soviet pipeline because of Moscow's actions in Poland.

In June Mr. Reagan extended the ban to subsidiaries of U.S. firms in Europe and to European firms manufacturing under U.S. licence.

But Britain, France and Italy have ordered their firms to honour their contracts and West Germany has indicated it may do likewise.

Mr. Foley said the administration's action over the gas pipeline was "a walking, living foreign policy disaster which has

driven a wedge more deeply between our European allies and the United States than any action of the Soviet Union, than any act of international experience since World War II, and it must be changed."

Interior Secretary James Watt said the United States would need a crash programme to develop nuclear power unless major offshore oil discoveries were made within the next two decades.

## LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) — Equities were narrowly mixed while government bonds ended with modest gains after an extremely quiet session, dealers said. The F.T. index at 1500 was down 0.5 at 5349.9 after showing a rise of 4.5 at 1100.

The market was steadier after Monday's late rally on New York markets but there was little demand after opening mark-ups and leaders drifted lower, dealers added. Ocean Transport and Trading lost 10p to 1100 on lower interim figures and the gloomy prospects for the second half. P and O, down 7p at one stage, recovered to 142.2p easier on balance.

North American shares showed an easier bias. Commercial Union lost 2p to 135 after lower first half profits and other insurances fell as much as 10p. In a slightly firmer oil sector Tricentrol rose 4p to 178, also after interims.

Barclays recouped 3p of last week's losses which followed the interim statement and T.I. group rallied 3p to 100 ahead of half year figures due Wednesday.

Government bonds, which rallied late Monday in line with New York, added 1/4 or 1/2 point, dealers said. Shorts briefly softened 1/16 point on U.K. banking and central government borrowing figures but the data made no lasting impact in the dull conditions.

## LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

One sterling	1.7085 15	U.S. dollars
One U.S. dollar	1.2502 05	Canadian dollars
	2.4887 97	West German marks
	2.7411 30	Dutch guilders
	2.1240 60	Swiss francs
	50.50 60	Belgian francs
	6.9250 9300	French francs
	1391.00 1392.00	Italian lire
	261.00 110	Japanese yen
	6.1600 80	Swedish crowns
	6.7315 35	Norwegian crowns
	8.6500 6615	Danish crowns
One ounce of gold	338.41 338.90	U.S. dollars

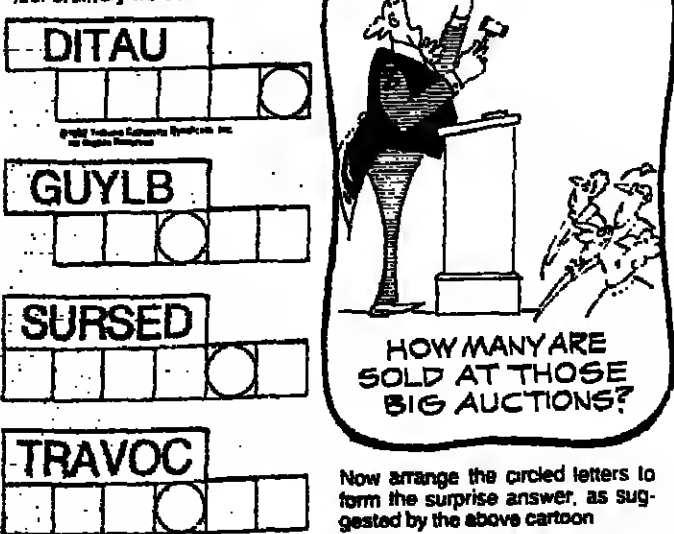
## THE BETTER HALF. By Vinson



"Clever, Harriet! Create a new category for the cooking contest and have no competition!"

## JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.



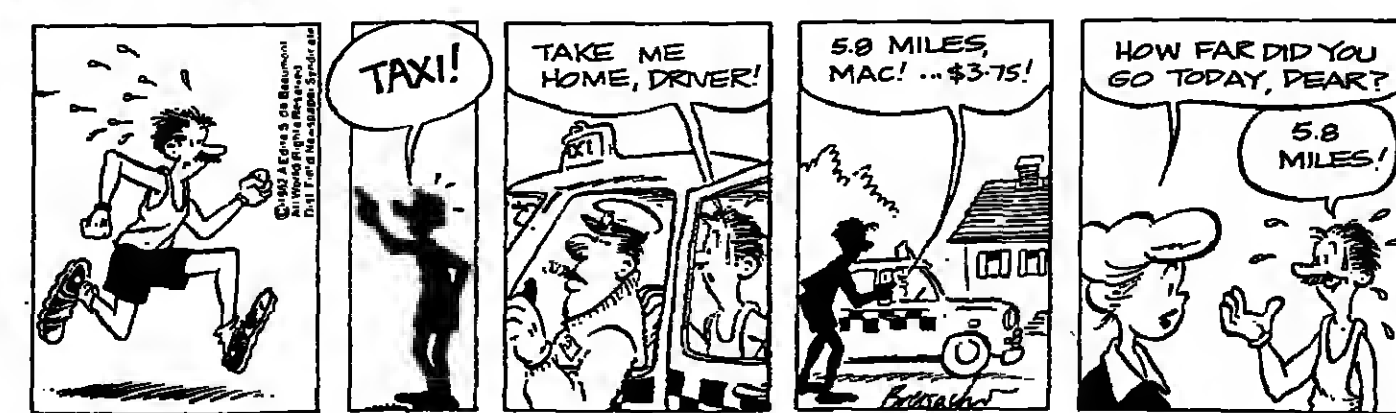
Print answer here: [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] (Answers tomorrow)

Yesterday's Jumbles: GRAVE SUITE PENCIL GRASSY Answer: What actors who want to play slippery characters should use—"GREASE" PAINT

## Peanuts



## Mutt 'n' Jeff



## Andy Capp



## FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, AUG. 11, 1982

## YOUR DAILY Horoscope from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: New beginnings of all kinds are of interest to you now, but it's best to study them from all aspects before putting them in effect. Take positive steps to gain your goals.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Make detailed plans to gain your most cherished aims in the future. Allow time to engage in creative activity.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Good day to be with a close adviser and plan exactly what you want to do. Express happiness with loved one.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Your friends are busy with their own concerns, so don't rely on them today or tonight. Take no risks in motion.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) You know how to gain a desired goal, so stop wasting time. Don't gripe. Be thankful for your blessings.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Set a greater goal for yourself so that you can achieve more in the days ahead. Be sure business affairs are running smoothly.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Be more willing to listen to ideas of loved one who can be helpful now. Strive to be more efficient in your line of endeavor.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Show more cooperation with associates and increase benefits. Engage in new venture and make a big impression on others.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Make sure you finish work at hand before you go off to some new interest. Show others that you are sincere.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Perfecting a talent you have is wise now. You are able to have a good time during spare hours with congenials today.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Contact allies who can give you the support you need in a new project. Handle business matters wisely.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Don't neglect important work in the morning. Postpone going ahead with a new interest you have in mind.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) You need more money, so find the right outlet that could give you added income. Take no chances with your health.

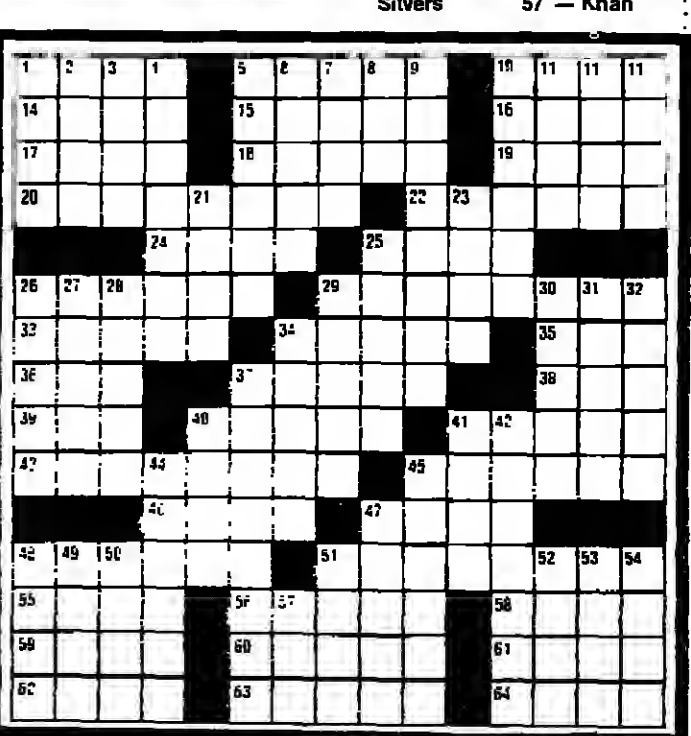
IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY... he or she will be one who can easily solve difficult problems. Teach to finish whatever has been started, since your progeny is likely to be a dabbler. Send to college and give good ethical and religious training.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

## THE Daily Crossword by Audrey J. Koch

ACROSS	29 Completa	51 "it" girl	12 Curtain
1 How the	33 Stead	of the	material
animals	34 Woman's	twenties	13 Oxen al
went into	dickey	55 Shortstop	Tibet
the ark	35 A Gabor	Tim —	21 African
5 Duo	36 A Gardner	56 Acid lound	river
10 Double	37 Removed	in plant	23 Electrical
thickness	the center	juices	unit
14 Know,	38 Photo	58 Far: pref.	25 Whines
old style	39 Rent	59 Hodgepodge	26 Ocean
15 Buffalo	40 Sheen	60 Fibers	mammal
16 Met's home	41 Deem	61 Fitzgerald	28 Hot under
17 Jai —	42 Pachyderm	ol song	the collar
18 Come in	43 Double-	62 Certain	29 In the lead
19 Pestel	labeled	horse	30 Lukewarm
color	46 Keith and	63 Titled	31 Sheeplike
20 Skullcap	47 At a distance	64 Heavenly	32 Stepped
22 Convex	48 Get one's	body	34 Hoodlums
24 Morsys	— worth in		37 Tribal
25 Story line			member
26 Gyrate			40 Steps to

DOWN	1 Like most	40 Steps to
2 Lugosi or	river	an Indian
3 Happy New —	Berkot	41 Glacial
4 Double-	ridges	42 Sea bandita
crossers	43 Sea bandita	44 Shekile
5 1, 5, or	44 Shekile	45 Double-
9 o'clock,	45 Double-	dealing
to sailors	46 Existing	47 Existing
6 Lower	48 — the show	49 Western
7 Rone: comb.	49 Western	etate abbr.
8 Stooze	50 Lamb	51 Quoshog
name	51 Quoshog	52 Sash
9 Signed up	52 Sash	53 Wide pot
10 Deuces	53 Wide pot	54 Have on
11 Niekro or	54 Have on	57 — Khan
Silvers	57 — Khan	



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# WORLD

## U.S. calls for ban on chemical weapons

GENEVA (R) — The United States called for a ban on chemical weapons as top priority Tuesday, saying evidence was mounting of their use by Soviet-backed troops against anti-government forces in Afghanistan.

Louis Fields, addressing the 40-nation disarmament committee here, also urged a treaty prohibiting radiological weapons. But he said the U.S. did not feel the time was ripe for concluding a comprehensive nuclear test-ban treaty.

In his first speech at the committee's summer session, the U.S. delegate said: "We place an extremely high priority on the achievement of a complete and effective ban on chemical weapons."

He said evidence continued to mount regarding the use of prohibited toxic weapons in south-east Asia and chemical warfare

against "freedom fighters" in Afghanistan, where opposition forces have been fighting government and Soviet troops for the past two years.

Mr. Fields said it was imperative that major emphasis be put on concluding a treaty, with adequate measures of verification and compliance. He called on the Soviet Union to expand on Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko's recent statement in New York that Moscow would accept on-site verification of a chemical weapons ban.

The U.S. delegate blamed the failure of the recent U.N. special disarmament session in New York on a deterioration in international affairs, which he said had thoroughly eroded the confidence of nations in their security.

Referring to current U.S.-Soviet negotiations in Geneva on limiting long and medium-range

nuclear missiles, Mr. Fields said the talks were aimed at deep and substantial cuts in the two superpowers' strategic nuclear arsenals.

"More than any other measure, successful conclusion of these negotiations will represent meaningful progress towards the total elimination of nuclear weapons, a goal we all seek," he said.

"My government continues to hold a comprehensive test ban as an ultimate objective, although we believe that negotiation of such a ban is not propitious at the present time."

But the U.S. was ready to take an active role in a working group discussing how to monitor a nuclear test ban treaty. It also believed a treaty prohibiting radiological weapons would be in the interests of all mankind and was ready to take part in talks on the issue of weapons in outer space.

## 'Ethiopia suffered heavy losses', says Somalia

NAIROBI (R) — The Somali government said Ethiopian forces attacking from the neighbouring Ogaden region suffered heavy losses in the latest clashes with Somali forces, Mogadishu radio reported Tuesday.

The radio, monitored here, said 90 Ethiopians were killed, many others wounded and three tanks, an armoured personnel carrier and heavy guns lost in an attack on Aug. 5. Five Somalis were killed, 25 wounded and a tank, a jeep and an armoured personnel carrier were lost.

60 Ethiopian soldiers died and three tanks and an armoured personnel carrier were lost in another attack on Aug. 6, while Somali forces lost a jeep, an armoured personnel carrier, 12 men killed and 20 wounded.

The radio gave no further details of the fighting. Earlier, radio Kulmiis, the clandestine radio station of the Somali Democratic Salvation Front (SDSF), said the SDSF forces had made further advances into Somalia.

Ethiopia denies that its forces are involved in the fighting.

## France confirms lifting embargo on Argentina

PARIS (R) — France Tuesday confirmed that it has lifted its embargo on arms deliveries to Argentina following Britain's recapture of the Falkland Islands.

France is the first European Community country to end the embargo imposed by all 10 member states when Argentina seized the islands in April.

A spokesman for the external relations ministry said: "Now that hostilities have ended, the French government sees no reason to continue the embargo."

The decision was made several days ago, he said. Well-informed sources in Buenos Aires said Monday night France had told the Argentine foreign ministry of its decision at the weekend.

French defence ministry sources said that existing contracts would be fulfilled and that there was no reason why new contracts

should not go ahead now that relations between France and Argentina had returned to normal.

Contracts include deliveries of Super Etendard aircraft, which are equipped with the Exocet air-to-sea missiles which sank two British ships during the battle for the Falklands.

France suspended deliveries of the Super Etendards after only five or six had been handed over. The sources did not say how many more of the aircraft were still to be delivered.

Argentina's air force is also equipped with French Mirage fighters and a locally-made ground attack aircraft, the Pucara, which uses French-built engines.

Italian foreign minister Emilio Colombo is currently in Buenos Aires to try to patch up relations between Argentina and the European Community.

## GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

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Both vulnerable. South deals.

**NORTH**

♠ 1096

♥ 5

♦ K853

♣ AQJ93

**WEST EAST**

♠ 42 ♠ Q85

♥ Q2 ♥ KJ10876

♦ A1072 ♦ J6

♣ 105752 ♣ K4

**SOUTH**

♠ AKJ73

♥ A943

♦ Q94

♣ 6

The bidding:

South West North East

1 ♠ Pass 2 ♠ Pass

2 ♥ Pass 2 ♠ Pass

3 ♠ Pass 4 ♠ Pass

Pass Pass

Opening lead: Five of ♠.

You have to be alert at the bridge table. You never know what seemingly insignificant card suddenly will assume importance!

When this hand was played in a tournament in Europe, four spades was a popular contract. Many declarers made 11 tricks. But strange things happened at one of the tables. West led his fourth-best club. Declarer won the ace, ruffed a heart in dummy and discarded a diamond on the ace of clubs. Now he led dummy's remain-

ing club honor. East ruffed with the eight and declarer overruffed with the jack.

He ruffed another heart in dummy as West discarded a diamond. Then came a low club from the table. East rose to the occasion by ruffing with the queen, forcing declarer to overruff with the king. Declarer ruffed his last heart while West sluffed another diamond. Then he led the last club from dummy. East ruffed with the five and declarer overruffed with the seven.

Thus far South had lost only one club trick, and he still had the ace of diamonds to lose in the plain suits, but East's continual ruffs had created an amusing situation — West had a sure trump trick with the four!

If this was a fairy tale, we would report that West scored his trump for an absolute top score on the board. But West had not been watching what was going on, and he did not realize that his 4-2 behind declarer's A-3 was a sure winner. When declarer led a low diamond towards dummy, West rose with the ace and, thinking that declarer had a fifth heart rather than another diamond, he elected to exit with a trump. So declarer ended up making the same number of tricks as everyone else.

## India, Pakistan talks on non-aggression due today

ISLAMABAD (R) — Pakistan and India make a new attempt Wednesday to start serious negotiations on a non-aggression pact and other ways of easing tension between them.

The talks were supposed to take place nearly six months ago but India postponed them over one of the hiccups that have blighted India-Pakistan relations and led to three wars between the two neighbours in their 35 years of independence.

There is no formal agenda for the two-day talks in Islamabad involving the foreign secretaries of both countries, and each side goes into the meeting with firm but differing ideas about priorities.

Pakistan has sent India a draft of a non-aggression pact, while New Delhi has presented Islamabad with a draft document on a joint commission to promote contacts and thus create the climate for talks about a non-aggression treaty.

One senior Western diplomat said that one of the first hurdles to

overcome was simply deciding which was the priority—a dramatic gesture or a more gradual approach.

"They have to decide which is the cart and which is the horse. And then agree on whether the cart or the horse goes first," the diplomat said.

Most diplomats expect the talks to be low key with success judged almost solely by whether the two sides agree to continue talking in the near future.

Fourteen months ago the two countries seemed on the brink of a significant breakthrough in their relations. But several days later Pakistan and the U.S. agreed on a resumption of American arms supplies including F-16 jets and high-level contacts between India and Pakistan ceased.

Last September Pakistan made its offer of a non-aggression pact and the two sides agreed to hold talks in February. However India called off those discussions when Pakistan raised the two countries' Kashmir dispute at a human rights

commission meeting in Geneva.

Kashmir, two-thirds controlled by India and one-third by Pakistan, is one of the enduring thorns in their relations and two wars have been fought over it.

The third war fought by India and Pakistan since they became independent in 1947 was over the creation of Bangladesh from Pakistan's eastern wing in 1970.

Even one week before the present talks diplomats held their breath when an Indian airliner was hijacked at the beginning of August and ordered to fly to Pakistan.

But Pakistan refused to allow the plane to land at Lahore airport, earning a note of thanks from the Indian government.

So far few details have emerged of Pakistan's proposed non-aggression treaty and India's response to the draft has been lukewarm.

However Pakistan's new Foreign Minister, Sahabzada Yaqub Khan, indicated in a local newspaper interview last week that a

key element was a balanced reduction of forces at a time when Pakistan is buying weapons from the U.S. and India from the Soviet Union.

Washington and Moscow are certain to follow the progress of the talks keenly because a serious rapprochement between India and Pakistan could alter the strategic balance in South Asia.

Both Pakistan and India insist that despite their weapons purchases they are not aligned to either Washington or Moscow and want good relations with both.

Some diplomats hope that Wednesday's talks may give an indication of whether Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi has softened her attitudes to American arms sales to Pakistan after her visit to Washington last month.

Pakistan President Mohammad Zia Ul Haq said in a speech on Sunday that Mrs. Gandhi's visit helped remove some obstacles in Indian-Pakistan relations.

## NEWS IN BRIEF

### Dallas police kill gunman in shootout

DALLAS (R) — A man upset by the loss of his job killed six people and wounded four others before being shot dead by police Tuesday. John Parish, 46, was killed as he tried to shoot his way past a roadblock in the second of two trucks he hijacked. Witnesses told police that he earlier shot dead three fellow employees in a warehouse of a trucking company that had fired him. He then stole a truck and drove to another of the firm's warehouses when he killed one worker and wounded two others. He was killed when he ran into the roadblock and opened fire on police as he jumped out of the truck. One policeman was injured.

### Iranian delegation visits India

LONDON (R) — The speaker of the Iranian Majlis (parliament), heading a high-level delegation, left for India Tuesday. Tehran Radio said. The radio, monitored by Reuters, said Hajatoleslam Hashemi Rafsanjani would meet Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi during his visit which is expected to cover political and economic issues. The meeting of the non-aligned countries scheduled for Baghdad in September would figure high in their talks and Iran would press for changing the venue of the summit, the radio said. The leaders of both countries would also discuss the 22-month-old Gulf war between Iran and Iraq and the Israeli invasion of Lebanon, the radio said. This is the highest ranking Iranian delegation to visit India since the 1979 Islamic revolution, it said.

### Son kills mother in New York

NEW YORK (R) — The smell from a man's socks left him detained on half a million dollars bail Monday, accused of killing his mother with a bomb hidden in a cookery book. A court here was told that a specially trained dog linked the odour from 28-year-old Craig Kipp's socks with scent on remains of the bomb which killed his mother, civic leader Joan Kipp, 54. Police said a three-month investigation into her murder suggested her son was the killer. Mrs. Kipp was killed last May 7 when she opened a hollowed-out cookery book mailed to her home. The book contained three bullets rigged to a copper wire, battery and explosive powder. The bullets detonated when she opened the book.

### Pope approves election of new Catholic patriarch

VATICAN CITY (R) — Pope John Paul Monday approved the election of a patriarch of the Armenian Catholic Church of Cilicia, congratulating the Beirut-based church for centuries of steadfast attachment to the Vatican. In a letter to the new patriarch, John Peter the 18th Kasparian, the Pope approved his election by an Armenian Synod in Rome last Wednesday and granted a request for continued membership of the Roman Catholic Communion. The Pope held a particular affection for the Armenian Catholic Church, "mindful of the heroism which with over the centuries it had proved its unremitting attachment to the see of Saint Peter," the Pontiff's letter said. The new patriarch succeeds Hemaiah Pierre the 17th Ghedighian, 77, who resigned on May 30 because of his age. Patriarch Kasparian, 55, was born in Cairo and ordained priest in 1952 after studying at the Lateran University in Rome. He was appointed Armenian-rite archbishop of Baghdad in 1972.

### Police use bicycles to catch prostitutes

LOS ANGELES (R) — Los Angeles police are using 10-speed bicycles to sneak up on prostitutes in a campaign to clean up streets in the city centre. The force recently tried using a mounted force but the clatter of hooves warned prostitutes of their advances. Policemen will now pedal around dressed in T-shirts, shorts and gunbelts. "Hopefully, this will discourage prostitutes from loitering on street corners," a spokesman said Monday.

## Guatemalan army pursues scorched earth policy against guerrillas

MEXICO CITY (R) — Mexico's army, determined to wipe out leftist guerrillas, is pursuing a scorched earth policy which has driven at least 8,000 refugees into Mexico in the past month, diplomatic sources said Monday.

They said the army, which began a large-scale offensive in July, appeared to have decided to create free-fire zones in areas along the border with Mexico's oil-rich Chiapas province.

"They are engaged in what can only be described as a policy of scorched earth," one diplomat said. "That is, the army moves into an area suspected to harbour guerrillas and burns down every-

thing in sight to deny them shelter. By their very nature, such operations go with indiscriminate killings," he added.

According to the sources, the Guatemalan army was combining its scorched earth tactics with the establishment of free-fire zones to make movement for the rebels more difficult.

A spokesman for the U.N. high commissioner for refugees in Mexico City reported that over the past 10 days alone, some 4,000 peasants had fled to Mexico from the embattled provinces of El Quiche and Huehuetenango in north-western Guatemala.

The spokesman said roughly the same number had sought refuge in

Mexico in July, bringing to about 20,000 the number of Guatemalan refugees now in Chiapas.

Refugees arriving in Mexico have reported a series of massacres by the army, including one incident in which troops were said to have herded women and children into a church in the village of Santa Teresa before starting on orgy of raping and killing.

There have been no independent eye-witness accounts of such incidents.

The fighting pits large parts of Guatemala's 18,000-strong army against four main guerrilla groups of about 4,000 to 6,000.

## Khartoum proposes OAU meeting in Addis Ababa

KHARTOUM (R) — Sudan has proposed that the African Summit that failed to convene in Tripoli, Libya, last week should be held in Addis Ababa, headquarters of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU).

The Sudan News Agency quoted Sudanese Foreign Minister Mohamed Mirghani Mubarak Tuesday as saying that Addis Ababa would be a suitable venue.

The failure to hold the summit arose out of the admission to the OAU of the Saharan Arab Democratic Republic proclaimed by Polisario guerrillas fighting Morocco for control of the Western Sahara.

## Turkish government bans media from publishing airport attack

ANKARA (R) — Martial law authorities Monday ordered Turkish news organisations not to publish stories about Saturday's attack by Armenian guerrillas on Ankara airport, newspaper editors said.

The ban followed a report in one newspaper that the two guerrillas who carried out the attack, in which at least six people died, had been trained in Syria.

Earlier martial law authorities banned publication and distribution of the popular daily newspaper Guces (Sun) which published the report about Syria.

The editors said this was followed by telephone messages telling all news organisations that stories on the airport assault and the investigation into it were banned and only official statements could be published.

Turkey's military rulers, who seized power two years ago, frequently ban stories and have suspended publication of individual newspapers for limited periods on several occasions.

The country's six major daily papers have published a series of sensational and often unsourced

stories about the attack, for which a Beirut-based Armenian Nationalist group has claimed responsibility.

Newspaper sources said the military government was very angry about Monday's reports that the guerrillas had entered Turkey from Syria and suggested that they had been trained there.

The sources said the government had indicated it feared relations with Syria could be damaged.

## Boycott of meeting by moderate African countries splits OAU

By Marc Delteil  
Reuter

TRIPOLI — The 19-year-old Organisation of African Unity (OAU) has been left close to break-up as members meeting in Tripoli faced a stalled summit and the possibility of a breakaway movement.

A majority of moderate leaders led by Tanzanian President Julius Nyerere eventually imposed the view last week that there should be further efforts to get together moderate and radical African states at a reconvened summit.

The current crisis stemmed from the admission to the pan-African body of the Saharan Arab Democratic Republic (SADR), proclaimed by Polisario guerrillas fighting Morocco for control of the western Sahara.

The SADR admission, at a ministerial meeting in Addis Ababa last February, led to the boycott of the Tripoli meeting by some 20 African nations, thus depriving the conference of the necessary two-thirds quorum of 34 states.

With the moderates remaining unshakable in their boycott, the 30 countries present in the Libyan capital came under pressure from hardliners to go ahead without the absentees, conference sources said.

post automatically if the OAU summit had opened formally. But the sources said a majority of more moderate leaders, including Tanzania, Zambia, Togo and Congo, argued against Col. Qadhafi taking over as OAU leader in the absence of the summit opening.

President Nyerere rejected the suggestion and also dismissed Col. Qadhafi's call for a condemnation of the states which stayed away from the Tripoli meeting.

The sources regarded the outcome as a victory for the moderates in Tripoli.

A five-nation committee, made up of the presidents of Mali, Congo, Zambia, Tanzania and Libya, was entrusted with contacting members who boycotted the Tripoli meeting. The five are working to reconvene the OAU's

sources saw no alternative but to freeze the admission of the SADR, as Morocco's allies have already suggested.

**Compromise**

The sources said countries such as Tanzania, Zambia, Togo and Congo, which have all recognised the SADR, would favour such a move as the best possible way out of the current crisis.

But they added that it remained to be seen whether a majority would support this or if the most fervent pro-Polisario states, led by Algeria, would be enough to form a blocking minority that would reverse the situation and deprive the planned summit of a quorum.

Diplomatic sources said the failure to hold the annual summit as scheduled could be seen as a diplomatic success for Morocco, which forecast it would not take place, and a setback for Libya, which did its utmost over the past two weeks to persuade more nations to attend.

## NEWS ANALYSIS

19th summit before the end of the year either in Tripoli or in Addis Ababa, the organisation's headquarters.

"They will make sure this time that a quorum is there," a senior OAU official told Reuters.

Hardliners at Tripoli suggested that a precise date be fixed for the reconvened summit and that it should go ahead even if again no quorum was secured, despite OAU rules. This was also rejected by the moderates, conference sources said.

Col. Qadhafi indicated to reporters Sunday night that if no quorum were secured for holding the 19th summit in Tripoli, the radicals would meet to hold a breakaway summit.

To ensure that those states which boycotted the Tripoli talks would attend next time, OAU

They said the hardliners—led by the Seychelles, Madagascar, Sao Tome and Principe and Benin—insisted that even without a quorum Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi should become OAU chairman for the year to come.

He would have taken over the

## New chairman

They said the hardliners—led by the Seychelles, Madagascar, Sao Tome and Principe and Benin—insisted that even without a quorum Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi should become OAU chairman for the year to come.

He would have taken over the

## Israeli reaction

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin said Tuesday he would call on Jews in France to defend themselves if the French government did not take action against neo-Nazi groups.

In a statement on Monday's attack on a Jewish restaurant in Paris which killed six people, Mr. Begin appeared to lay part of the blame for the shooting on remarks made by French President Francois Mitterrand.

"The murderous crime in the heart of Paris is the result of horrendous talk of the anti-Israeli incitement that is tantamount to anti-Semitic incitement in French newspapers and media," he said.

## Police hunt for attackers on Jewish restaurant in Paris

PARIS (R) — Interior Minister Gaston Defferre promised French Jews Tuesday that everything was being done to protect them after a devastating gun and grenade attack on a Jewish restaurant in Paris.

He blamed "a foreign organisation" which he did not name for the killing of six people and the wounding of 22 in the shooting Monday.

"I think this is an attack which is linked with the unfortunate situation which has been going on in the Middle East for a long time," he added.

As pressure mounted on the government to crack down on political violence, police said they were hunting four or five men described as "terrorists rather than hired killers."

Mr. Defferre said he had told police chiefs across France to assure Jewish community leaders that efforts were being made to stop more attacks.

"It is impossible to guard everyone but we are doing the utmost possible," he said. "We are doing the maximum."

Mr. Defferre said one of the weapons in the attack was possibly of the same type of Polish machine pistol which was used in a raid against a Vienna synagogue last year and in the shooting of the Israeli ambassador in London in May.

Police reported that the ammunition was Polish and the hand grenade of Czechoslovak origin.

The carnage at Goldenberg's restaurant in the Jewish quarter of Paris was discussed by President Francois Mitterrand and senior ministers Tuesday.

July 11, 1982